SPECIAL
ROYAL HAIR DYE
The Restorer of permanent Natural Black Colour Patronized by Rajas, Maharajas Europeans and Indian gentries.
Prices including Postage
1 Box Rs. 1/8
3 Boxes Rs. 3/8
6 Boxes Rs. 6/12, 12 Boxes Rs. 12.
Sole Distributors :—
THE MAQBOOL AGENCY, Bombay 3.

Regd No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 40 BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURE WITH OR REPRESENT
INDIAN MERCANTILE
INSC. CO., LTD.
(Estd. 1907)
For Life, Fire & Accident.
INDIAN MERCANTILE CHAMBERS,
Ballard Estate. BOMBAY. 1.

Royal Navy Mines Entrance To Singapore

Japanese Plan For Southern 'Putsch'

TROOP CONCENTRATIONS ON ISLANDS AND COAST

JUMPING-OFF GROUND FOR OCCUPATION OF SAIGON AND CAMRAH BAY

LONDON, Feb. 16.

THE mining of the Eastern entrance to the Straits of Singapore is announced by the British Admiralty to-day. The Admiralty is sued a notice stating that the specific area is dangerous to navigation.

The area is bounded on the north by parallel of 0.02 degrees 44 minutes north, on the east by Meridan 104 degrees 30 minutes east, on the south by parallel of 0.01 degrees 35 minutes north and on the west by the coast of Malaya.—Reuter.

JAPANESE TROOPS OVER WIDE AREA

CHUNGKING, Feb. 16.

Japanese troops in the Southern Pacific are disposed over an area including Hainan Island, Canton, the Waichow Island, the Sisha Islands, the Spratly Islands and French Indo-China, according to the official newspaper "Central Daily News".

The newspaper says that units of the Imperial Guards at Haiphong and Hanoi will be used for the occupation of Saigon and Camrah Bay. These are under the South China Command but four divisions concentrated in Formosa, one of which has been brought from Manchuria, are under the direct orders of Imperial Headquarters at Tokyo.

The paper concludes: "We believe that America could check Japan without war by means of economic pressure and long-distance naval blockade".—Reuter

New Zealand Prepared, Says Premier

WELLINGTON, Feb. 15.

"It must be quite apparent to every member of the public that the continued deterioration of events abroad is resulting in a situation of utmost gravity", Prime Minister, Fraser stated yesterday.

He added "the War Cabinet and the Government are giving daily —almost hourly—attention to these matters and the people of New Zealand, can be assured that all possible steps, necessary to maintain and increase New Zealand's preparedness are being taken."—Reuter.

Japan's Plans In Br. Press

LONDON, Feb. 15.

The Far Eastern situation, Hitler's moves in the Balkans and the Mussolini-Franco meeting form the main topics of foreign comment in the morning papers.

The "News Chronicle" says that at the moment, there are no further indications that Japan's aggressive plans in the south are going to be carried out immediately and suggests that Japan will first try to obtain an understanding with the Soviet Union.

The paper declares however that it is very proper that the people of Australia and other threatened territories should have been frankly warned of the danger which many soon face them.—Reuter.

LONDON, Feb. 16

Greek troops completely routed the Eleventh Italian Army in the Moskopolis-Tepelini sector, according to reports received by Reuter's correspondent on the Albanian frontier. Two thousand prisoners and a large quantity of war material is reported to have been taken.—Reuter.

BRITONS ASKED TO QUIT

SHANGHAI, Feb. 16.

Britons without good reason for remaining should consider the advisability of leaving occupied China. A notice to this effect will be issued by the British Embassy to-morrow (Monday), renewing the advice given last October.—Reuter.

Br. Children And Women To Quit Thailand

LONDON, Feb. 16.

British women and children have been advised to leave Thailand as a precautionary measure, Reuter learns in London.—Reuter.

Thailand Denies It

BANGKOK, Feb 16

Thailand today denied the reports that she is negotiating with Japan for use by the Japanese of Thai naval bases in the event of an attack on Singapore.

Ascribing the reports to a foreign broadcasting station the Thai Radio added that Japan had never alluded to this subject in any of her talks with Thailand.—Reuter.

TOKIO PAPER BLAMES AMERICA

TOKYO, Feb. 16.

Japan's advance southward has been spurred on by the British and American policy of aiding the Chungking regime and antagonising Japan, declares the newspaper "Nichinich Shimbun".

It continues: "Britain and Australia believe that Japan will begin to move south in concert with Germany's spring offensive but Japan's move south began when Japan announced the necessity for constructing an East Asiatic Sphere." It declares that rumours that conditions in the Far East are assuming serious proportions are only strategical British propaganda and it describes the United States' Government's advice to American residents to evacuate the Far East as one of the causes of "such wild and groundless rumours."

The newspaper concludes: "So long as American hinders Japan's advance southward, she is destined to encounter Japan's stout opposition."—Reuter.

Br. Legation From Bucharest

ISTANBUL, Feb. 16

Sir Reginald Hoare and members of the British Legation staff in Bucharest arrived here in the Turkish steamer "Izmir", accompanied by three British journalists and representatives of Belgium, Holland and China.—Reuter.

Storm centre in the Pacific.

TRAVANCORE BANK AFFAIRS

Creditors' Plea For Equality In Distribution Of Dividends

MADRAS, Feb. 16

An urgent application was moved before His Lordship Mr. Justice Venkataramana Rao by Mr. K. R. Vepa on behalf of some creditors and creditor-member of the Madras Committee of Inspection of the Travancore National and Quilon Bank Limited (now in liquidation) making certain proposals for the acceptance of the High Court, Madras, in respect of co-operation between the courts in the various winding up jurisdictions with a view to securing equality in the distribution of dividends to all creditors out of the assets of the Bank.

His Lordship considering that the proposals were fair and reasonable directed the official liquidators to prepare and submit a scheme on the lines of the proposal made for his approval.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

U. S. MUST ENSURE FOOD SUPPLY TO BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

A nation-wide appeal to President Roosevelt to take steps necessary to ensure Britain's food supplies is being organised. A letter hsa been addressed to the President on this subject by over 100 prominent Americans.

THOUSAND-MILLION DOLLAR AID TO BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

Administrative leaders hint that President Roosevelt will probably request a thousand million dollars in appropriations and contract authority to build planes, ships, tanks, guns and munitions immediately the aid-Britain bill is approved. It is predicted that the Senate, which begins to debate the Bill to-morrow, will approve the measure with some amendments within a fortnight. A comfortable majority of votes in favour is expected.—Reuter.

LAST ITALIAN DRIVEN OUT

CAIRO, Feb. 16.

The re-occupation of Kurmuk means that the last Italian soldier has been driven off Sudanese territory.—Reuter.

TO END INDIAN DEADLOCK

Varadarajulu Naidu's Proposal For Premier's Meeting Viceroy

MADRAS, Feb. 16

On account of the abnormal situation created by the war and to make the war effort a complete success, the Viceroy should take the initiative to resolve the political deadlock in India and call a conference of the Premiers of the Provinces including the ex-Premiers who are now in jail as well as representative leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha, the Muslim League and other minority communities to thrash out the constitutional question and arrive at an agreed solution—this is the basis on which Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has tentatively drawn up a scheme, which he will discuss with Mahatma Gandhi and other prominent leaders of all political parties during his ensuing tour in upper India.

The subject will also come up before the Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha, which meets at Bombay in the second week of March.

Dr. Naidu, it is understood, after asecertaining the views of other leaders proposes to forward his proposals to H. E. the Viceroy after the Bombay meeting.—A. P.

America's 'Plane Production

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 15.

According to the Defence Commission in New York, American 'plane production in January was 1,002, which is double that in January 1940. The output is expected to reach 1,500 in May.

ITALIAN TRAFFIC PARALYSED

British Parachutists Play Havoc

LONDON, Feb. 16

According to a message of the "Associated Press" of America, the landing of British parachutists in Southern Italy has already begun to show results.

Goods traffic all over southern Italy has been suspended.—Reuter

Hitler's New Deal For Yugoslavia

Aerial Attack On Greece Imminent

Bulgaria Gives Line Clear To Nazis

LONDON, Feb. 16.

It is now disclosed in London that in reply to a direct question by the British Minister in Sofia a few weeks ago, the Bulgarian Prime Minister refused to give an undertaking that Bulgaria would not enter into any agreement with Germany permitting the entry of German troops in the country.—Reuter.

HITLER'S OFFER TO YUGOSLAVIA

BELGRADE, Feb. 16.

The fantastic price which Germany is ready to pay at other people's expense for co-operation in the Balkans in her New Order in Europe is revealed by the offers made to the Yugoslav Ministers yesterday, according to well-informed circles here.

Hitler is stated to have made concrete proposals and expected concrete replies.

He is stated to have offered Yugoslavia,

First, the Drim Valley in Northern Albania together with the town of Scutari which the Montenegrens have wanted for many years;

Second, an outlet to the Aegean Sea at Salonika by means of a twenty-mile corridor; and

Third the territory around Lake Ochrida which would presumably include Koritza and other towns captured by the Greeks.

In return Yugoslavia would cede to Hungary and Bulgaria territories which they lost during the last war. She is also asked entirely to disinterest herself in the fate of Greece and to state what attitude she would adopt in the event of German troops attacking Greece through Bulgaria. Responsible circles here do not believe that Hitler's offer can be accepted.—Reuter.

EX-KING ALPHONSO SERIOUSLY ILL

ROME, Feb. 16.

Ex-King Alphonso of Spain who is lying seriously ill here with 'Angina Pectoris' spent a quiet night and is making a stern fight for life. All members of the Royal family, who were able to reach Rome, have arrived including Prince of Asturias and Duke of Segovia.

A bulletin issued last night stated that the condition of the patient was unchanged with periods of considerable cardiac weakness.—Reuter.

Queen Ena's Dramatic Appearance

ROME, Feb 16.

Queen Ena, estranged from her Royal husband for many years, has braved wartime frontier difficulties and travel complexities to hurry to his sick bedside in a Rome hotel.

This dramatic fact is disclosed simultaneously with to-day's bulletin which states that Ex-King Alfonso spent a quiet night and his condition is unchanged.—Reuter.

Genoa Casualties

ROME, Feb. 16

Italian casualties in the British bombardment of Genoa on February 9, according to the official Italian News Agency, totalled 144 killed and 272 injured.—Reuter

MOVE IN FAVOUR OF GERMANY

SOFIA, Feb 15.

The British Government's view of the present situation in Bulgaria was reiterated by Mr. George Rendel, British Minister, in an hour's interview with M. Ivan Popoff, Bulgarian Foreign Minister, last night (Friday).

It has long been clear that should German troops occupy Bulgaria or use it as a base against Greece, the British would break off diplomatic relations with Sofia and take whatever steps might be necessary. In diplomatic circles here, it is said, that newly-mobilised Bulgarian troops are being sent to the only frontier where Bulgaria is not threatened, namely Turkish. This on the face of it, would appear to be a move in favour of Germany.

Nazi 'Bundobust' Complete

Meanwhile there appears to be no doubt that German preparations here are almost complete. Bridges have been mined, food-supplies organised and barracks prepared. Shoes and clothing are being rationed from to-night. The Germans have already made appalling inroads into the Nation's food supplies. Various Bulgarian classes are being quietly called up for training and a number of buildings have been requisitioned. This step is described in local political circles as a purely defensive measure against an attack from any quarter.

On Yugoslav Frontier

On the Yugoslav frontier at present, there are only three German Divisions but on the Russo-Rumanian frontier, barracks were being taken over by German troops all last week.

Other German troops were massed at Constanza where troopships are lying with steam up. Large quantities of material are also being brought to the Danube ports along the Bulgarian boundary. New Austrian mountain troops were still arriving at Bucharest yesterday (Friday) and Reuter's special correspondent saw from the air, interminable lines of transports moving south. Rumanian hospitals have been taken over by German medical staffs and it is stated that schools will shortly be requisitioned as military hospitals. Large quantities of Russian oil are arriving at Varna while Rumanian oil is being rushed to Guirgiu.

Air Attack On Greece?

As seen here, adds Reuter's Special Correspondent, Greece must be prepared for an attack by German aircraft at any moment. There is no longer any doubt that the German High Command has made detailed preparations for two separate contingencies—an eventual attack on the Ukraine and a more immediate drive to the south.

Turk-Rumanian relations are steadily deteriorating. The arrest of every Turkish journalist in Bucharest last week was carried out at German instigation. The usual passenger service between Constanza and Istanbul has been cancelled. General Antonescu's grip on Rumania is superficially strong, but it is significant that measures against rebellion are be-

(Continued on Page 7).

What Russia Lacks

Communist Party Official Stresses Need Of More Industrial Advance

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Speaking to the Communist Party in Moscow to-day, the Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party declared that industry and transport had made important progress in the past year leading to improvements in Russia's defences.

He added that special up-to-date armaments for the Red Army and Navy had been considerably increased. Nevertheless, there were undoubted shortcomings in industry and transport. In the past agriculture was the most important problem but that was in the main solved. Therefore, the Party must turn to industrial matters.

The Conference is the first general meeting of the Party for almost two years.—Reuter.

8,000 READY FOR SATYAGRAHA In U. P.

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 16

The third stage in the Satyagraha campaign in U. P. will start here from to-morrow. Allahabad alone has prepared a list of 700 Satyagrahis and it is believed the total in U. P. might come to 8,000.

As many as 21 Congressmen have sent notices to the District Magistrate here signifying their intention to offer Satyagraha in various villages and mohallahs in Allahabad on Feb. 17. This Satyagraha, however, is not likely to be permitted and arrests of these Satyagrahis might take place to-day.

New Turn

As never before in the history of Satyagraha so many persons simultaneously sent notices of Satyagraha on a particular date, it regarded as a new phase in the movement and probably Satyagrahis will follow in groups now Vidyavati Kokil, Hindi poetess and first woman student Satyagrahi from Allahabad University was sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment and fine Rs. 50 in default to six weeks' further imprisonment.

SARDAR PATEL INTERVIEWED

BOMBAY, Feb. 16.

Mr. Dayabhai Patel interviewed Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the Yeravda Jail last evening and returned to Bombay.

Enquired by the "United Press" about Sardar Patel's health, Mr Dayabhai said that his father was keeping quite fit and so also Miss Maniben Patel.—United Press.

DR. SYED MAHMUD

Will Offer Satyagraha At Chapra This Week

PATNA, Feb. 15.

Dr. Syed Mahmud, former Education Minister of Bihar, and a member of the Congress Working Committee is expected to offer Satyagraha at Chapra in the third week of February.

Dr. Mahmud who was ill, is now feeling better and is permitted to move about.—A. P.

Discussions At Franco-Duce Meeting

VICHY, Feb. 15.

The war, the Mediterranean, Africa and future peace were, it is believed, discussed at the Franco-Mussolini meeting, according to an account given in the Spanish weekly "El Mundo" by the representative of the Spanish News Agency who accompanied General Franco.

The writer reveals that the Duce and Franco met five times in the 36 hours which the Spanish leader spent in Italy. He adds that Mussolini would not have concealed from General Franco the position of Italy.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Maharashtrian youth LL.B. in service and also owning landed property desires a really beautiful bride. No caste or provincial restrictions. Apply Box No. 14220, "Bombay Chronicle."

Introduction for Matrimony, Friendship, Trade, other 431 hobbies arranged. India, Abroad, Members 10,764 (Both) Mrs. Shaabdane, Secretary, Globe Introduction League. Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad Deccan. (14212)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a skilled Tin and Coppersmith instructor for training Trade Apprentices. Salary Rs. 60-65 p. m. For further particulars apply to Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay 19. (4343)

Wanted Engineers, Supervisors, Store-keepers for out-door duty experienced in building construction. Experience of Military Hutted type construction would be given preference. Apply Box No. 14223, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Head-Master with at least 15 years' experience and Teachers with at least 10 years' experience for a High School in Bombay. Graduates preferably trained need apply. Salary according to merit. Apply Box No. 14229, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Candidates for Railway— Telegraph Classes. Apply, immediately with two Annas Postage. Gujarat Telegraph College, Umreth. (14096)

Wanted Competent Turners, Fitters, Machinists, good salaries to really competent men. Apply Box No. 14221, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Graduate Teachers for a High School in Bombay. Pay about Rs. 40. Apply Box No. 14207, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Electrician with First Class Certificates. Apply stating qualifications, experience and age to Box No. 4311, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted candidates for station-master, and signaller's course scholarship Rs. 30/- and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps The Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14143)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

TRADE NOTICE.

SUPPLIES of 'Tubing Steel Welders' and 'Micrometers Internal Nawan's' are required immediately. Particulars may be obtained from the undersigned.

Assistant Director of Contracts,
CONTRACTS DIRECTORATE,
Shahibag House, Wittet Road,
Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for asphalting of roads in the Municipal Area will be received by the President, Parle-Andheri Municipality at the Office of the Municipality at Nerhu Road, Vile Parle upto 5 p.m. (S. T.), on Tuesday, the 4th March, 1941.

Tender forms can be obtained either from the Office of the Municipality or from the Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, during the Office hours.

NOTICE.

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for each port from Local dealers for supply T.I.B. of Coal to R.I.N. during the period from 1-4-41 to 31-3-42.

Tender Forms and Instructions to Tenderers can be obtained from the following Officer for each port.

(1) PRINCIPAL SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, 10, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, **BOMBAY.**
(2) SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, KEAMARI, **KARACHI.**
(3) SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, Old High Court Buildings, 1st Line Beach, **MADRAS.**
(4) SENIOR NAVAL OFFICER, **VIZAGAPATAM.**
(5) NAVAL OFFICER-IN-CHARGE Willingdon Island Post Office, **COCHIN.**

NAVAL HEADQUARTERS.
Bombay, 14th February, 1941.
(4320)

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

(1) SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED by the Hon. Secretary, the Cricket Club of India, Ltd., Bombay for the erection of Badminton Courts at Brabourne Stadium, Bombay.

(2) Copies of Tender Forms, Specification and Schedule of Quantities may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10/- per copy and any further information during office hours.

(3) Tender must be returned to the Architects' Office on or before noon on Thursday the 27th instant with a cash deposit of Rs. 1,000/-.

(4) The Hon. Secretary, the Cricket Club of India, Ltd., reserves the right of accepting the lowest or any tender.

GREGSON, BATLEY & KING,
Chartered Architects.
Chartered Bank Building, Fort
Bombay 15-1-1941.
(4323)

140. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Certificates and D.Com. degree Examinations begin in April in all towns. Entries: 15th March Society of Commerce, Sohangunj, Delhi. (14200)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans of Rupees Hundred on mere Promissory Notes! Larger sums also advanced on Personal Bonds and Mortgages! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, 203, Hornby Road, Assar Virji Building. (14226)

Public Notices

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.
NAWANAGAR STATE.
NOTICE.

The following kinds of oils for Locomotives are required for the Jamnagar & Dwarka Railway during the year ending 31-3-1942. Sealed Tenders in Sip liers' Forms with quotations, Specification, samples, etc., should be submitted to the President, Stores Purchase Committee, Nawanagar State Jamnagar not later than the 1st March, 1941. Each Tender should be accompanied by an earnest money Deposit of Rs. 100/- without which no Tender will be considered. The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any quotations.

APPROXIMATE YEARLY CONSUMPTION.

1. Oil Axle No. 695 of Standard Vacuum Oil Co. Quality. — Barrels 150 Each 45 Gallons.
2. Oil Loco Cylinder No. 717 of Standard Vacuum Oil Co. Quality. — " 50 " " "
3. Oil S.H.S. Superheater Cylinder of C.C. Wakefield & Co. Ltd. Quality. — " 15 " " "

B. N. ANANTANI,
President,
Stores Purchase Committee,
Nawanagar State.
Jamnagar, D/6-2-41. (4342)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RATE CIRCULARS

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Local Rate Advice No. 2 (Goods and Coaching) of 1941, has been issued.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or stations.
4358

STORE PURCHASE COMMITTEE.
Nawanagar State.
NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of 15 Tons. M.G. Dogspikes as per I.R.S. (T) Drawing No. T. 062 with the exception that the length should be 4, 3/8" and that the Dogspikes should be 5/8" square to Jamnagar & Dwarka Railway.

Tenders for the same should be submitted to the President Stores Purchase Committee Jamnagar so as to reach him on or before 12 hours noon on Friday the 21st. February, 1941.

Copy of Drawing showing particulars can be had from the Superintendent of Stores, J. & D. Railway, Jamnagar on payment of Re. 1/- per copy.

The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

B. N. ANANTANI,
President,
Stores Purchase Committee,
Nawanagar State,
Jamnagar D/31-1-41.
(4341)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SIMON REUBEN, of Bombay Jew Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned immovable property, situate at Mughbhat Lane, Girgaum, to our client free from all encumbrances. All persons having any claim against the said property by way of mortgage, charge, sale, use, trust, inheritance, gift, lien, lease, possession, bequest, partnership or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Readymoney Mansion, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Bombay Pension and Tax land (since redeemed) together with the messuage tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at and fronting the Mughbhat Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 337 sq yds or thereabout and bearing Collector's Old No. 152, Collector's New No. 1405, Old Survey No. 502, New Survey No. 7661 and Cadastral Survey No. 231 of Girgaum Division and bounded, on the East by the property of K. J. Mantri, on the West by the property of Ambalal Kishordas Patel, on the North by the said Mughbhat Lane and on the South by the property of Dattatraya Luxman Juvatkar and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 536 and 537 and Street Nos. 87-89-89A.

Dated this 15th day of February, 1941.

ZAIWALLA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4361)

INDIAN STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDER NOTICE

THE Controller of Purchase, Indian Stores Department, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of 93,500 yards black drill, and 1,82,500 yards khaki pugri cloth. Tender forms No. BX. 966 may be obtained from him on payment of Rs. 8/- in cash. Tenders will be opened on the 26th February 1941.
4356

ADVERTISEMENT.

GOVERNMENT SERVICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Kannada knowing Women graduates preferably trained for posts of Teachers in Government Institutions for Girls in Southern Division in the scale of Rs. 85-5-115-Efficiency bar-5-145-Efficiency bar-6-175. Applicants must be natives of, or domiciled in, the Bombay Province. Further details may be had on application with stamped (Re. 0-2-0) addressed foolscap envelope to the Educational Inspector, Southern Division, Dharwar.

Applications should reach the Educational Inspector, not later than 15th March, 1941.

S. R. TAWDE,
Educational Inspector, S. D.
Office of the
Educational Inspector, S. D.,
Dharwar, 11 February, 1941.
4347

Legal Notices

IN THE COURT OF THE SECOND CLASS SUB-JUDGE, ANDHERI

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATION NO. 13 OF 1941

Exh. No. 4

In the matter of the PROVIDENT FUND of the deceased W. P. MONTAUT, late Chargeman No. 1491, Parel Shops, G.I.P. Railway, an European British Subject, formerly residing at Victoria Villa, St. Alexius Road, BANDRA.

Mrs. NELLIE DURHAM .. Petitioner.

WHEREAS the Petitioner abovenamed has applied to this Court for the grant to her of a Certificate under the Indian Succession Act, 1925, empowering her to collect the amount to the credit of the deceased abovenamed in the Provident Fund of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway AND WHEREAS it is alleged in the petition that the deceased abovenamed was a bachelor, that he has by a Writing executed on the 15th September, 1933, in the presence of two Witnesses nominated the petitioner as the heir to the whole amount to his credit in the said Provident Fund AND WHEREAS the Court has fixed the 15th day of March, 1941, at 11-30 A.M. for the hearing of the said petition NOW this is to give notice that any person having any objection to the grant of the said Certificate should appear in my Court either in person or through a pleader on the said date at the said time and file his objections in Writing.

M. J. MERCHANT,
Sub-Judge, Andheri.
Andheri, 13th February, 1941.

Seal of the
Second Class
Subordinate
Judge,
ANDHERI.

Public Notices

THE INDORE MALWA UNITED MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ADJOURNED 33RD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Indore Malwa United Mills, Limited will be held at the Mill premises at Indore, on the 21st day of February, 1941, at 3 p.m. to transact the following business:—

(1) To consider and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account for the year 31-12-1939, and if necessary to adjourn the said consideration till such date as the meeting may fix.
(2) To extend the time for the Investigation Committee to complete the investigation and make their final report till the 10th of March, 1941.
(3) Such other matter as may be placed before the Meeting with the permission of the Chairman.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1941.

By Order of the Board.
For GOVINDRAM SEKSARIA,
Managing and Selling Agents.
4322

Legal Notices

IN THE DISTRICT OF AMRITSAR

IN THE COURT OF LALA TARA CHAND AGGARWAL
Commercial Sub-Judge 1st Class, Amritsar.

Civil Suit No. 83 of 1940.

THE BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC CO., LTD. .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

Messrs. MELA RAM LACHMAN DASS, a firm, carrying on business as cloth merchants at Katra Ahluwalia, Amritsar .. Defendants.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client The Buckingham & Carnatic Co., Ltd., of Madras, manufacturers of textile piecegoods, are the owners of the "Ship on Globe" or "Gola Chhap" trade mark which is used by them, inter alia, on crepe cloth of their manufacture. A specimen of the said trade mark is reproduced below.

In or about June, 1939, our clients learnt that the Defendants abovenamed were selling in Amritsar crepe cloth, not of our clients manufacture, under a trade mark a specimen of which is reproduced below.

Our clients claimed the aforesaid mark to be an imitation of their "Ship on Globe" or "Gola Chhap" trade mark and filed the above suit against the Defendants for an injunction, damages, costs and other reliefs.

By a Consent Decree, dated the 24th June, 1940, in the said suit an injunction has been issued by the Court against the Defendants, their servants and agents, in terms of prayer (a) of the plaint.

The Defendants have paid to the Plaintiffs our clients (i) a sum of Rs. 1,000/- as damages and (ii) a sum of Rs. 350/- for the costs of the suit and of the publication of this notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that any person, firm or Company found selling or offering for sale crepe cloth or other cotton piecegoods bearing the trade mark objected to by our clients will be immediately dealt with according to law.

Dated the 29th day of January, 1941.

CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE,
Attorneys for
The Buckingham & Carnatic Co., Ltd.
(4259)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS for the temporary appointment of a Medical Officer of Health for Parle-Andheri Municipality on a salary of Rs. 200 P.M., in the grade of 200—20/2—300—20—400 plus Rs. 25 for T. A., are invited from persons having

(a) Medical Qualifications registrable by the General Council of Medical Education and,
(b) a British Diploma in Public Health or the Degree of Bachelor of Hygiene of the Bombay University or the Diploma in Public Health of the Calcutta University, or such other equivalent Indian Diploma

will be received by the Undersigned upto 5.30 p.m., on 1st March, 1941.

The appointment is subject to the approval of Government.

CHUNILAL D. BARFIVALA,
President,
Parle-Andheri Municipality
Municipal Office,
"Nehru Road", Vile Parle,
Dated 14th February, 1941.
4354

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 24 OF 1941.

Re Messrs. SHIVRAMDAS GANGAPRASAD, a firm, carrying on business at Marwari Bazar outside the Fort of Bombay .. Insolvents.

Ex Parte: CURRIMBHOY & CO., LTD., (in voluntary Liquidation) by its Liquidators John Hewat Hardie, Bernard James Whitby, Gordon Murray Bathgate and Fredrick Arthur Cole: Petitioning Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the order of adjudication made herein on the 4th day of February, 1941, against the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day annulled.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1941.

S. S. RANGNEKAR,
Insolvency Registrar.
4355

Auction Sales

SALE OF PRECIOUS JEWELLERY by order of the Owner on Tuesday, the 18th February, 1941, at 3 P.M. at the room of the undersigned comprising pearl, ruby and emerald necklaces, pearl bangles and neck chains, pearl and emerald bracelets, diamond rings and nose rings, diamond and emerald ear drops and ear rings, diamond and ruby marquise and rose rings, etc.

Jewellery on view.

Catalogues and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

Under instructions from the Deputy Custodian of Enemy Property, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 20th February, 1941, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) at No. 251 Hornby Road, Powvala Building, 3rd floor, property of L'Union Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., solid teak glass-fitted partition, elect ceiling fans (D.C.) with Regulators, etc. On view from the 19th.

BENNETT & CO.,

EPIC OF HUMAN EMOTIONS
PRABHAT'S
IMMORTAL SCREEN-CLASSIC.
PADOSI
IN HINDI
ALIAS
SHEJARI
(IN MARATHI)
Directed by:
SHANTARAM
4th WEEK AT
CENTRAL
PADOSI (Hindi) Daily 7, 9-45 p.m.
SHEJARI (Marathi) Daily 4 p. m.

A New Face on the Screen
NALINI JAYWANT
appears
THIS FRIDAY
IN
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
RADHIKA
with
HARISH
Jyoti, Kanailal, Veena Kumari, Sankatha Prasad, Sunalini, Bhudo Advani and others.
Directed by:
VIRENDRA DESAI
PATHE
USUAL TIMINGS

PRAKASH'S
Crowning Achievement
NARSI BHAGAT
PAGNIS, DURGA KHOTE
Direction: VIJAY BHATT
23RD WEEK
KRISHNA
Daily 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
LADIES SHOW
Thur. 20th 12 Noon

A Heart--appeal STORY
Fresh as Love flowing from the fountain of life
WADIAS'
Stupendous Film Creation
Raj Nartaki
Starring:
The Incomparable
SADHONA BOSE
Directed by:
MODHU BOSE
HINDUSTANI Version
Successful Second Week At
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p.m.

TO-DAY at 1 p.m.
ZANANA SHOW
OF
Puja
National Studios' Great Picture of the struggle of two women for the love of a child
in LAST WEEK
PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10 P.M.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

On The Air

MONDAY, FEB. 17.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Bombay Talkies Artist. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Duet in Bhairaon. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 9-20 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-30 Jafar Qawwal. 9-45 Nanne Khan. 12-30 p.m. Prabhu Premi. 12-57 News in Hindustant. 1 Three Violinists. 1-10 Garbas from the Grooves. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music. 4-15 School Broadcast. 5 Tomorrow. 5-5 Nanne Khan. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 M. Tufail. 5-50 A I R Trio. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Song in Shankara. 6-20 Bhajan. 6-30 Nana Ani Mane: Marathi programme for children. 7 Berlin na Samachar: Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 For Highbrows. 7-25 Talk of the Town. 7-30 Jafar Qawwal. 7-45 Instrumental duets. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 Gilbert Mackbeth's talk on "Battle for Abyssinia" (English Consul-General at Addis Ababa). 8-45 Sound-News. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 10 Jafar Qawwal. 10-15 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 10-35 Songs from "Punar-Meelan"

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Stuti. 8-15 Sarangi recital. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Sindhi Song. 8-50 Gujarati Poems. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Flute solo. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Sarinda recital. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 N. D. Desai: Marathi Bhavgeets. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

85.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Nanne Khan. 8-15 Nam Niranjan: Devotional song. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Tara Bai Gadagkar. 9-20 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-30 Kathleen Shaw: Contralto. 9-40 Enrico Caruso: Tenor. 9-45 Ken Mac and his Band.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (885 kc/s)

5 p.m. Sham ke Rag. 5-15 Malsiri on Sitar. 5-20 M. Siddiq. 5-30 Afzal Husain. 5-45 Preet ke Geet. 6-15 N. R. Shahane. 6-30 Samandar par se Khat, 3: Talk in Hindustani. 6-45 For Villagers only. 7-45 An Economist Looks at the World: Talk. 8 Sohan Singh. 8-20 It has happened. 8-25 Bhajan Lal. 8-30 Matters of Moment: Talk relayed from B B C 8-45 Munni. 9-45 Fahimuddin Khan. 9-55 N. R. Shahane. 10-5 Munni. 10-15 M. Siddiq. 10-25 Afzal Husain.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. Kanta Shaw: Adhunik. 5-15 Sarat Chandra Satik: Bamboo Flute. 5-25 Jyoti Banerjee. 5-35 Sarat Ch. Satik: Bamboo Flute. 5-50 Jyoti Banerjee. 6-5 For the rural and industrial areas. 7 Reply to Listeners' letters. 7-20 Nadi ke Paar: Playlet in Hindustani. 7-45 Census 1941: Talk in Bengali. 8 Murderer: Playlet. 8-20 Abbasuddin Ahmed. 8-30 The Jantri Sangha Orchestra. 9 The forthcoming Census operations: Talk 10 Ted Frangopoulo and His Blue Harmony Boys with Huston Sisters.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-45 p.m. For children, conversation. 7-45 Iranian Literature (No. 1) Poetry —by Dr. Nizamuddin.

B. B. C. Programme

EASTERN TRANSMISSION

16 25 Announcements. 16-30 News. 16-45 Working Together: By Rt. Hon. E. Bevin. 17-00 B. B. C. Orch. 17-30 To-day We Present. 17-45 Variety, Hi Gang! 18-30 News. 18-45 Questions of Hour. 19-15 Raie Da Costa, Piano. 19-25 Announcements. 19-30 News from Home: By H. Marshall. 19-45 B B C Orchestra.

SONGS AND DANCES:—To-day (Monday) Kathleen Shaw (Contralto) will sing four songs which will include "Queen Dido's Lament" and "When I am Laid in Earth" both by the famous 17th Century English Composer Henry Purcell. After her, listeners can spend a lively hour with Ken Mac and His Dance Band. Tuesday's Chamber Music will feature Beethoven's Piano Trio Opus No. 2 and the charming Hungarian Airs for Violin and Piano by Bartok-Szigeti.

SOLO VARIETY:—On Wednesday Agnes Barrett will begin with a piano recital of pieces by Ireland and Bax and conclude with nocturnes by Rowley.

Howard Veevers, (Baritone) will come next with a selection of songs by Amy Woodforde Finden. After a recorded orchestral interlude, a recording of Frieda Dyer singing popular selections will follow. She sings Kaufmann's Wings of Memory, Massanet's Elegy and Schubert's immortal Ave Maria. Raghbir Singh will wind up the evening's programme on his clarionet with such oft-played pieces as Kreisler's Love's Joy and Sorrow, Beethoven's Minuet, and Aletter's Intermezzo.

SCIENTIFIC PLAYHOUSE:—On Thursday Aubrey Menon and John Rowdon will present their second pair of Test Tube dramas—the Scientific Playhouse, which made its debut last week. In these unique dramas all scientific particles like atoms, microbes, molecules 'speak' for themselves. On Friday, Otto Klimt, will render fantasy of Giacomo Puccini's "Madame Butterfly" and another fantasy on Abraham's "Victoria's Husar."

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M	Dep H M
Madras Mail	5-0	22-0
Peshawar Express	6-15	22 45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8 56	18 10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9 30	20 15
Madras Express	10 15	14 30
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15 00	21 00
Poona Express	19 30	08 05
Allahabad Express	20-25	07 00
Poona Fast Passenger	21 45	13 10

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr H.M	Dep H M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22 13
Gujarat Mail	6-45	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	7-25	21-30
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Rance. Bulsar	*9 15	15-35
The Flying Rance. Surat	*9 48	15-10
The Flying Rance. Surat) (Except Monday)	10-58	00-00
The Flying Rance. Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	6 45
Baroda Passenger	20-48	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday.

Where Akbar rests.

14th February, 385 Years Ago

By P. V. PATHY

"In the court of our truly national king, Akbar, the Chinese or extra-Indian Muslim art mingled with pure Hindu art—whose traditions had been handed down unchanged since the days of the Ajanta frescoes and the Bhahrut and Ellora reliefs".

The Emperor in whose reign lived Raja Birbal. When the Ain-i-Akbari was written. When his City of Victory was Fatehpur-Sikri with its elephants' stables, its Bullund Darwaza, its Great Mosque from where the Din-i-ilahi was expounded. Days of the grandson of Babar the Lion, who ruled the Mughal Empire at its zenith—the India, then, of Akbar the Great. It was from the deserted Fatehpur-Sikri of today, then a "city greater than London" that this Mughal monarch held the courts of his vast kingdom for sixteen long years and then returned to Agra, the great capital. His reverence for Salim Chisti, nevertheless, is symbolized by the pretty tomb in the vast courtyard of the Great Mosque to which numberless pilgrims flock to this day.

Was this a temple of the Diwan-i-Khas, inquires the guide of the visitor to Sikri! The Diwan-i-Khas, that in red sand-stone, stands facing the Panch Mahals.

Hall Of Private Audience

Inside this Diwan-i-Khas, two diagonal gangways are supported at their intersection by a massive octagonal central pillar which in itself is a magnificent specimen of workmanship in stone and exquisite carving. On this pillar, at the meeting of the gangways, sat the Emperor, while a minister were given the privilege of private audience with the Emperor stood below, on the floor of the Hall. In plan the gangways resemble an X-like game board, or the design used in an Indian game of dice; musing in this Hall of Private Audience the thought comes that here, some three hundred years ago, Akbar and his ministers played the game of the great Mughal Empire of India.

In India's history Akbar has a place that conquerors till now and perhaps for centuries will find it difficult to surpass. For when one thinks of Akbar one thinks of Birbal, of Abul Fazl, the scholar and historian—a chronicler who tinged his notes with the blossom of flattery—, and of Chitor, Jaimal and Patta.

Of Humayun, Laurence Binyon stood at each end. Persons who write.: "On a Friday evening in January 1556, as the sunset call to prayer was heard, he tripped and fell down the steep steps leading from the roof of a tower, used as a library, and broke his skull. Three days later he was dead". So, this day three centuries, eight decades and five years ago, in a garden in Kalanaur, the boy prince Akbar ascended the throne of rough brick structure symbolical of the empire he inherited and was to build, piece by piece, into the great Mughal Empire that extended from the Indus to the Krishna and from sea to sea. The Akbar who promulgated the Din-ilahi, of whom Faizi wrote and recited "Allah hu Akbar"—and the faithful in the Great Mosque heard "Allah be Great."

In a most imposing mausoleum of red sand-stone in Sikandra rests this Akbar the Great, in peace for ever.

Sole Importer Of Raw Cotton

LONDON, Feb. 14

The Government has decided to become the sole importer of all growths of raw cotton, states a notice issued this afternoon (Friday) on the Liverpool Cotton Exchange. The decision is the result of six months' negotiations between the representatives of Liverpool and Manchester Cotton Associations and the Cotton Controller and the Ministry of supply. The negotiations are proceeding so that the Ministry and the Cotton Controller should be able to use the services of the two associations in the purchase and ultimate distribution of raw cotton. The position with regard to the future market and unfilled contracts is being carefully considered. It is estimated that some 50,000 cotton workers will be affected.—Reuter.

Plague And Cholera Decrease

The following is the official report of the health conditions in the Bombay Province for the week ended February 1:—

Plague was on the decrease in the Province during the week, the figures of attacks being 212 with 122 deaths against 360 and 175 respectively reported and 492-254 revised figures for the previous week. These cases were reported from Bijapur District (72-35 against 190-86 reported and 229-114 revised for previous week); Dharwar (65-53 against 78-50 reported and 141-85 revised for last week); Belgaum (67-27 against 70-28 reported and 95-43 revised for last week); Sholapur (2-6 against 7-5 reported and 12-6 revised); Kanara (3-0 against 7-0) and Ahmednagar (3-1 against 8-6).

CHOLERA.

The Provincial cholera figures of attacks were 70 with 22 deaths as compared to 82-32 reported and 101 39 revised figures of the previous week. The figures by Districts are:—Sholapur (35-14 against 27-13 reported and 30-14 revised); Satara (24-5 against 11-3 reported and 24-8 revised); Ahmednagar (8-2 against 31-10) and Poona (3-1 against 10-4 reported and 13-5 revised).

SMALLPOX.

Smallpox figures of cases and deaths for the week were 362-83 against 367-84 reported and 454-90 revised for the previous week. The figures by Districts are:—Belgaum (79 12); Ahmednagar (58-5); Ratnagiri (39-5); Poona (32-2); Satara (27-5); and Dharwar (10-8) The infection is also present in the Districts of Nasik (9-2); West Khandesh (7-0); Surat (6-0); Sholapur (3-1) and Ahmedabad (2-1). Bombay City had 90 cases and 42 deaths during the week as against 92-46 in the previous week.

MALARIA.

The touring Medical Officers appointed on anti-malaria duty in different Districts visited 168 villages and treated 4,591 cases. Of these 2,864 were treated for malaria.

CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER

Only Bombay City had one fatal case against the same number in the previous week from this disease.

London Money Market

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.

On the money market, borrowers generally obtained overnight loans cheaply throughout the week.

Six-five million sterling treasury bills were offered and were allotted at an average rate of discount of one pound 4.23 pence per cent. compared with one pound 3.39 pence last week.

Owing to influx of taxes, banks for the fourth week in succession were not required to provide any loans under the treasury deposits scheme.

Wallstreet opened uncertain.—Reuter.

Bombay Shareholders' Association

The Committee of the Bombay Shoreholders' Association have issued the following statement with regard to refund of Income Tax in respect of dividends declared by the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. for the year ended 31st March, 1939:—

The Committee having been informed that shareholders of the Tata Iron and Steel Co Ltd. were experiencing difficulties in receiving in full the amount of refund in respect of dividends declared by the company for the year ended 31st March 1939 approached the company in the matter. The Committee are glad that the matter has been satisfactorily settled and that those whose claims to refund have not been fully entertained should again apply to the income-tax authorities. Further information would be supplied on application. The Committee take the opportunity of expressing their gratitude to Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd. for taking up this matter with the income-tax authorities in the interest of shareholders.

Nervous Unloading In New York Cotton Market

UNSETTLED INTERNATIONAL SITUATION

Journal Of Commerce Estimates Acreage Reduction 2 Per Cent

Bombay, Feb 15

On Friday, there was general nervous selling in American markets and prices declined. The "Journal of Commerce" estimates acreage 24,580,000 acres which shows a decrease of 2 per cent as compared with the last year.

COTTON PROBLEMS

"Cotton belt weather is more favourable but little new crop preparation yet. Late ginnings are believed to be of too low a grade for loan delivery. West belt farmers are either storing cotton on farms or sending it into loan. It is rumoured that further shipments to Russia have been suspended at the Government's request. Full season's exports, excluding barter, is unlikely to exceed 800,000 bales Farmers are still selling loan equities mainly in Texas and Oklahoma despite Washington's efforts to discourage this. Washington and some big traders continue to favour the Certificate Plan but textilers swear that any such processing tax would encourage synthetic competition Many do not expect any major change in the farm programme next season. Cotton mills orders books are the best for ten years. Further big army contracts are coming."

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points with March 10.30 and improved to 10.31 which was the highest level. At the rise there was considerable nervous long liquidation. Prices declined on continued nervousness over the international situation and weakness in stocks. March declined to 10.24 which was the lowest level reached towards the close. The session closed at a net decline of 8 to 11 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 10.77c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also easy on increased liquidation and closed at a decline of 8 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 7 points at 10.03c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with March quoted 8.29. Trade buying absorbed little liquidation on easier offers. Later on there was increased trade calling. The market was steady awaiting clarification of measures for Mill control. The session closed at a rise of 3 to 5 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 8.58d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quietly steady with a limited business. Uppers futures closed unchanged with Spot cotton 2 points down at 11.14d per lb. Giza contracts improved 1 to 3 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (10-2 a.m.)	10.31—01
New York March lowest (2-57 p.m.)	10.24—08
Liverpool March highest	8.32+04
Liverpool March lowest	8.27—01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market steady and awaiting clarification of measures for mill control.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb. 15.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4-02-1/2 to 4-3-1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.30/17/40
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb. 15.

March	10.18
May	10.14
July	10.07
Middling Spot	10.69

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Feb. 15.

March	10.23
May	10.18
July	10.04

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Feb. 15.

	Bales
Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	9,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	nil
Day's expors to China and Japan	nil

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: Feb. 15.

Yarn No.	February	April	June
6 1/2s.	128	126	127
10 1/2s.	146	147	148
20 1/2s.	190 1/2	192	194
40s.	267	268	269

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay, Feb 15

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.:—

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs. 75 0 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy	77 12 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy	80 4 0
Ginger bleached per cwt	15 0 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt	12 8 0

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay: Feb. 15.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	Since 1st Septr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh	1,008	73954	48,115
Central India	686	78,384	61,200
Barsi & Nagar	798	69,613	98,700
Hyderabad/Gaorani	76	23,010	39,781
Berar	601	237,128	231,565
Central Provinces	341	45,514	55,315
Total Oomras	3,710	527,603	534,676
Dholeras	774	37,956	33,496
N.-W. Provinces		1,006	21,701
Rajputana	49	3,515	23,702
Sind-Punjab	7,638	304,306	279,750
Broach	373	17,232	68,277
Coompta and Dharwar	198	39.591	14,683
Westerns-Northerns	216	30,401	16,362
Cocoanada		239	50
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		522	1,309
Total	12,958	952,372	994,006
Arrived by road to 6th Feb. 1941		132,250	133,248

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay, Feb 15

Wheat May	0 4 6
Linseed May	0 6 6
Groundnut February	1 14 0
Castorseed May	2 0 0
Cottonseed May	1 4 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 14 0
Gold 3rd settlement	0 5 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F F Bales	1940-41	1939-40
Receipts to date 13-2-41	2796000	6158000
Receipts yesterday 13-2-41	10000	19000
Export to date 13-2-41	701000	4573000
Stock at Ports 7-2-41	3473000	2988000
Stock at Interior Towns 7-2-41	3226000	2951000
Stock at Liverpool 7-2-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 7-2-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 7-2-41	8413000	10925000
Quantity out of sight 7-2-41	.....	.....

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: Feb. 15.

Approx. quotations.	Ready.	Delry contract.
Bengal Fine	118/21	
Berar	140/47	
C. P. 1	168/72	
C. P. 2	150/55	
Khandesh	120/27	
Muglai	131/33	Feb, March
Broach		+10 +6½
Punjab S G 289F	312/17	
Punjab R G 289F	287/92	
Punjab R G 4F	222/27	

GROUNDNUT CROP.

Bombay: Feb. 15.

	Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	30 13 0
Highest	31 0 0
Lowest	30 12 0
Closing	30 13 0
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	25 7 6
Highest	25 11 6
Lowest	25 7 6
Closing	25 9 3
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	18 9 6
Highest	18 10 9
Lowest	18 8 9
Closing	18 10 3
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	26 9 6
Highest	26 10 3
Lowest	26 8 0
Closing	26 8 3

AMERICAN COTTON WEEKLY STATISTICS

New York, Feb 14.

	Season To Date	This Week	Corresponding Season 1939/40	Corresponding Week 1940
Total in sight (excluding linters)	8,601	188	11,134	209
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other American (excluding linters	5,734	196	5,489	169
Exports from U. S. Ports	711	10	4,690	213
Of which to Japan	62	1	663	29
Of which to China	24	2	310	18
Of which to Great Britain	334	—	1,517	65
Of which to Russia	139	—	30	—
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	3,494	—	2,954
Socks at U. S. Interior towns	—	3,192	—	2,892
World's visible supply	—	—	—	—
Of which to American cotton	—	—	—	—
Forwarded to world's mills (excluding linters)	—	—	—	—
Receipts at U. S. Ports	2,825	69	6,184	194

N. B.—All in bales 000's omitted.
Certificated stocks 13,000 Bales

COMMERCIAL CHART

Mr. Ranchhoddas Guruji, 303, Cotton Exchange Buildings, Marwari Bazar, has published the annual commercial chart giving graphic lines of quotations of Cotton Bombay, New York and Liverpool. Similar lines are provided for bullion, linseed and wheat from 1934 to 1941. A special attraction is the running line of Broach cotton prices for the last 29 years. Mr. Guruji is well-known for this types of commercial charts which are published every year and are used by dealers in markets.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay: Feb. 15.

Lionel Edwards' American s s Exemplar of 3996 reg tons, Capt G Berg arrived from New York with general cargo.

B I S N Coy's American s s Excellency of 3667 reg tons Capt J V Redmond arrived from New York with general cargo.

EXPORTS

Bombay: Feb. 15.

32 cases gum, E Mavji and Co; 20 bls cotton yarn Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 600 bls raw cotton Barot Bros and Co; 720 bls cotton waste Champaklal and Co; 4668 bags linseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 3518 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd.

IMPORTS

Bombay: Feb. 15.

10845 bls cotton, 138 bags aluminium scrap, 75 bags sandalwood, 415 bags gum, 150 bags arecaunuts, 32 bags plumbago, 45 bags cowries, 5957 bags copra, 2068 bags cocoanuts, 110 bdls canes, 56 cases liquid honey, 132 c/s ivory tusks, 197 casks tallow, 587 pcs Taggon wood, 50 bls Pyrethum hares, 2737 bls cloves.

AUDITED RETURNS OF TRAFFIC

	For November 1940.	Increase + or Decrease— when compared with November 1939. From 1 1 40 to 30 11 40	Increase + or Decrease— when compared with corresponding period of previous year.
Tapti Valley Railway.	Rs. 2,57,523	+Rs. 50,742	Rs. 27,30,893+Rs. 4,82,587
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly	Rs. 88,290	+Rs. 8,521	Rs. 10,21,109+Rs. 44,977 From 1 4 40 to 30 11 40
Guzerat Railways.	Rs. 30,145	+Rs 987	Rs 2,88,614+Rs. 34,318 From 1 10 40 to 30 11 40
Central Provinces Rlys.	Rs. 44,931	+Rs. 17,111	Rs. 82,781+Rs. 25,480
Mandra Bhon Railway	Rs. 16,705	+Rs. 4,744	Rs. 33,696+Rs. 10,397
Sialkot Norowal Rly.	Rs. 48,210	+Rs. 12,14.	Rs. 91,871+Rs 23,334

LONDON SILVER

London, Feb. 15.

London Silver closed.

LONDON GOLD

London, Feb. 15.

London Gold closed.

NEW INDIA
Assurance Co., Limited

(India's Largest General Insurance Co.)

THREE CONSIDERATIONS GENERALLY WEIGH WITH A PERSON DESIRING TO INSURE HIS LIFE.

They Are:

(1) STABILITY of the Company;

(2) SOUND MANAGEMENT and

(3) POLICY CONDITIONS and BONUS CAPACITY.

The "NEW INDIA" can Safely claim to Satisfy all these requirements.

Write or call for Prospectus and feel convinced.

HEAD OFFICE:
Esplanade Road,
Fort, BOMBAY

WINTER AHEAD--

PASS YOUR WINTER DAYS HALE AND HEARTY

TO KEEP YOUR HEALTH INTACT OR TO GET BACK THE REGENERATED HEALTH AND IF YOU FEEL COLD, COUGH & WEAKNESS....

.....INSIST ON PURE

CHYABANPRAS

(GUARANTEED GENUINE)

Sadhana's CHYABAN PRAS,

being prepared in strict Sastric principles with all ingredients enjoined by the Ayurveda under the supervision of properly trained Adhyakha, will convince you of its amazing efficacy on your system. Pure as it is, it will work like magic.

TRY ONCE ONLY AND REMEMBER

that not a more wonderful specific than CHYABAN PRAS—the gift of the Aryan sages—has as yet been Discovered for COLD, COUGH, ASTHMA, PHTHISIS, RESPIRATORY TROUBLES and LOSS OF MANHOOD.

Rs. 3/- per seer (64 Tolas).

Controlling Physician:—

ADHYAKSHA—Joges Chandra Ghose, M.A., Ayurvedsastri, F.C.S., (London), M.C.S., (America), Formerly Professor of Chemistry Bhagalpur College.

THE LEADING AYURVEDIC HALL

Sadhana Ausadhalaya DACCA Bengal.

Branches & Agencies - INDIA & ALL OVER THE WORLD

Bombay Branch. 455, Kalbadevi Road BOMBAY 2

C.P. Calls Up Taluk Congress Committee Members

BIHAR SATYAGRAHIS NOT ARRESTED

Progress Of Campaign In Other Provinces

NAGPUR, Feb. 16.

It is learnt that the Nagpur P. C. C. has extended the time till February 20 for Office-bearers of the Taluk Congress and other Congressmen for filling Satyagraha forms. Else their seats will be declared vacant.

NO SATYAGRAHA IN CANTONMENTS

Mahatma's Instructions To Karnatak Congressmen

WARDHAGANJ, Feb. 16.

No Satyagraha should be offered in cantonment limits and no Satyagrana Committees should function there was the reply given by Mahatma Gandhi in reply to a question stated Messrs. Patil and Adhyapak of the Karnatak P.C.C., who interviewed him prior to their departure for Belgaum.

In pursuance of the above instructions from Mahatma Gandhi, it is understood, that the Satyagraha Committees in Belgaum and Bangalore will be abolished.

Mahatma Gandhi, they added informed them that no person under 21 and no one unable to understand the implications of Satyagraha should be permitted to offer Satyagraha.

SPINNING TEST

Mahatma Gandhi, they stated further advised them to test new Satyagrahis for fifteen days by making them spin before granting permission to offer Satyagraha.

It is learnt that Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande, the Karnatak Congress leader, who wished to offer Satyagraha has not been permitted to do so by Mahatma Gandhi and has been asked to remain outside in order to advise and guide the movement in Karnatak.

In addition, they stated Mahatma Gandhi has permitted the explaining of the anti-war slogans, while offering Satyagraha by shouting them.—A P.

WHEN SATYAGRAHIS MAY PREFER APPEALS

SIVAGANGA:—"The rule is that the long-term or short term Satyagrahis must all offer Satyagraha again and again as long as the movement lasts," says Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, replying to a letter from the President of the Ramnad District Congress Committee.

"If there are unnecessary and prolonged remands asked for by the police and granted by the Magistrate, "adds Mr. Kripalani, "the orders of the Magistrates may be questioned in appeal."

In Madura:

SATYAGRAHA POSTPONED

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

Owing to the communal situation in Madura, the District Congress President, Mr. M. Pattabhiramayya, wired last night to Gandhiji, requesting his sanction for the postponement of Satyagraha in the entire district.

Anticipating Gandhiji's permission, Satyagraha in the District has been postponed from to-day.

Satyagraha Suspension In Madura

MADURA, Feb. 16

"The strained relationship between Hindus and Muslims in Madura has necessitated the president of the District Congress Commitee to issue instructions suspending Satyagraha in the city," says the Secretary of the Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committee in a statement.

The Secretary adds: After full study of the situation I feel that in the city there ought not to be Satyagraha as long as the Sec. 144 order is in force. I also advise the Satyagrahis of Madura Taluk not to offer Satyagraha till 1st March in any of the places in the Madura Taluk but to devote the time touring the villages propagating the efficacy of non-violence and Hindu-Muslim unity.

MORE ARRESTS

Three more persons were arrested by the Madura town police in connection with the recent communal disturbances, bringing the total arrests in this connection to nine.—A. P.

In Bihar:

PATNA:—A change in the policy adopted with regard to Satyagrahis is now indicated by reports received here from different parts of the province.

Four Satyagrahis from Patna, two from Chapra and others from Muzaffarpur and Champaran have not been arrested so far though they are stated to have offered Satyagraha during the last few days.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15.

Dumbi Kandeya and Sreeram Hembrem, members of the Kolhan Thana Congress Committee in Chaibesha (Bihar) have each been sentenced to three months' R.I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 25.

Gourishankar Singh, Secretary of the Raghopur Thana Congress Committee, Javan Prosad Singh and Ramsundar Singh have each been sentenced at Hajipur (Bihar to four months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 25.

AHRAR DICTATOR RELEASED

Pirada Syed Muhammad Suleman, the sixth "Dictator" of the All-India Ahrar Party, who was sentenced to one year's imprisonment in connection with a speech delivered by him at Bihar Sarif, has been released after the expiry of the full term.—A.P.

Local Body Members Now Permitted

PATNA, Feb. 15.

The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee decided last night that members of Local Bodies who desire to offer Satyagraha and were ready to fulfil the conditions laid down by Mahatma Gandhi should be permitted to do so.

The above decision will be operative in the case of all District Boards in Bihar except Santhal Parganas.

The position of the Local Bodies in which the Congress Party is in a majority and hold Executive offices has been considered in all aspects and the Committee are of the opinion that it is not proper to prevent any member of any such body from offering Satyagraha, states the resolution adopted by the Committee.

No distinction between ordinary members and those holding offices is made or hinted at by the Committee.

The Committee have laid down that by April 15 all Satyagrahis from Local Bodies should offer Satyagraha.

Congress Members are in a majority in all District Boards, except Ranchi and Singhbhum and, therefore, this decision of the Provincial Congress Executive will affect all District Boards except Singhbhum and Santhal Parganas.

In the last case exception was made as the District Board has just been established and stands on a different footing."

The position in Local Bodies will be considered again after April 15.

In Orissa

OVER 200 ARRESTS FOR SATYAGRAHA

CUTTACK, Feb. 15.

Altogether 272 persons were arrested, of whom 220 were convicted under the Defence of India Rules in Orissa, stated Mr. W. W. Dalziel, Press Officer to the Government of Orissa at the fortnightly Press Conference held in the Secretary yesterday.

Of the arrests, 212 were made in connection with the Satyagraha movement, of whom 171 were convicted.

Asked if any instructions had been issued regarding the classification of members of the Orissa Assembly, who were now in the jails, the Press Officer stated that no specific instructions were issued, but each individual case would be examined on its own merits.

Mr. Dalziel added that there seemed to be no dissatisfaction on the classification of prisoners and the Government had not received any complaint from any of the prisoners.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHA SEE-SAW

GUDUR, Feb. 14.

Mr. Anupalli Subbarama Reddi who was recently sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the court and Rs. 1,000 fine by Mr. R. Galletti, Joint Magistrate, Gudur, offered Satyagraha again and the same Magistrate sentenced him to imprisonment till the rising of the court and to fine of Rs. 116.

As before, no term of imprisonment for non-payment of the fine imposed was provided as according to the Magistrate "the accused is able to pay the fine.—A. P

In The U. P.:

ALMORA:—Following arrests and convictions are reported:—

Pandit Trilochan Joshi, Member of the U.P.C.C., and Secretary Town Congress Committee sentenced to nine month's R.I and fined Rs. 200, in default two months' further imprisonment.

Thakur Bhupal Singh Khati, Member, Almora D.C.C. arrested and sentenced to eight months' R. I. and fined Rs. 200.

Mr. Maya Ram arrested.

Pandit Badri Datt Pathak, Member, Almora, D.C.C., sentenced to one year's R. I. and fined Rs. 50.

Pandit Prayag Dutt Joshi and Mr. Mansingh Dhanak arrested.

LUCKNOW, Feb. 15.

Pandit Bishwanath Bajpai and Mr. Ambikaprasad were arrested at Goshiangaj and Nakhas respectively for offering Satyagraha.

Bahansingh, was sentenced to nine months' R. I. and fined Rs. 15.—A. P.

MEERUT, Feb. 15.

Lala Bhagwan Das Jain, member of the District Congress Committee has been arrested in village Chapraoli. Lala Nem Chand Jain another member of the D C C. has also been arrested.

The following Satyagrahi's were convicted and sentenced to-day under the Defence of India Rules:—

Ram Saran Vidyarthi, Member of the City Congress Committee—eight months' R. I. and fine of Rs 100/-. Mr. Kanti Prasad, member of the D. C. C.—nine months' R. I.; Mr. Shiv Dayal Singh member of the D.C.C.—six months' R.I. and fine of Rs. 25; Choudhry Tabla Singh, member of th D.C.C. —six months' R.I.; Mr. Lachmi Narain, four months' R. I. and fine of Rs. 50; Mr. Gouri Shanker, four months' R. I.

DEHRA DUN, Feb. 15.—Mr. Deepchand, a Congressman, was sentenced to-day to 11 months' R. I. and fine of Rs. 100 in default one month's further imprisonment, under the Defence of India Rules.

JHANSI, Feb. 15.—Mr. Purshottam Narain Joshi, Secretary of the District Congress Committee, has been sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 50 in default six weeks' further imprisonment.

Mr. Ramgopal Shastri and Mr. Prithvinath Avasthi were arrested for offering Satyagraha.—A. P

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 15

Three women Satyagrahis were sentenced, to-day, under the Defence of India Rules. Shrimati Vidyavati Kokil and Shrimati Ram Rani Nishad were sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs 50 each, in default six weeks' further imprisonment. Shrimati Ram Devi was sentenced to three months' simple isprisonment.—A. P.

In Andhra:

MADRAS, Feb. 16.

Following further Satyagraha convictions have been reported from districts.—

GUNTUR: Dr. T. Chitanandam and Mr. Mruthyanjaya Rao imprisonment till the rising of the court and fine of Rs. 500 each in default two months' imprisonment.

NANDYAL: Mr. A. Kesava Rao, Secretary, Taluk Congress Committee, five months' R. I. and fine Rs. 400 in default further three months' R. I.

Mr. P. Kotaiah Naidu, Inspector of an Insurance Company, six months' R. I. and fine Rs. 500 in default further three months' R. I.

PATTIKONDA: Mr. Bakinna (Harijan) and two others who offered Satyagraha were convicted under the Town Nuisance Act and sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from six to eight days.

NOT ARRESTED.

RAJAHMUNDRY: Mr. Mahomed Vasiruddin, General Secretary of the East Godavari District Motor Works Union, offered Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans but he was not arrested.—A. P.

Satyagraha Sequel

Seven Police-Men Injured

Pindi City Magistrate's Car Stoned: Dozen Injured In Lathi Charge

RAWALPINDI, Feb. 14.

One head constable and six constables of the Pindi police are reported to have received injuries following pelting of stones on the police by a mob after the arrest of Mr. Jogenderlal Jain, General Secretary of the Pindi Congress Socialist party who offered Satyagraha at Chowk Dayanand College this morning.

A large crowd had collected at the place where Satyagraha to be offered. According to a previous arrangement the police force was stationed at a considerable distance from the place After Jogenderlal had raised anti-war slogans he was arrested by a Sub-Inspector of Police who was present on the spot with a handful of policemen. The arrested Satyagrahi was taken in a lorry to jail.

After some time when the City Magistrate was leaving in his car and the police force was marching away a stone was thrown at the car. When the Magistrate came out to enquire, stones were hurled from several directions and from some houses of the locality resulting in injuries to several policemen The mob rushed towards the police station. They were ordered by the City Magistrate to disperse On their failing to do so they were pushed back by the police who cleared the road.

According to Socialist Leaders the police are alleged to have made a lathi charge on the crowd as a result of which about a dozen persons received injuries.

Police pickets have been posted in the city and the situation is under control.

A largely attended public meeting was held under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party and a number of resolutions were adopted.—A. P.

Hockey From All Quarters

Kirkee United Win Championship Game: Bombay Customs Succeed In Delhi: Two Lewis Cup Matches: 'Varsity Hockey

A good gathering witnessed the two games in the Provincial Hockey Championship on Sunday.

In the initial match the Bombay Telephone Company bettered the Maharashtra Gymkhana. The losers opened the scoring through a penalty bully before the game was five minutes old. The lead was not long kept, for shortly after, the Telephone Company earned the equaliser. Maharashtra was not to be held and netted again to hold the advantage a half-time.

Crossing over Maharashtra faded out of the picture. The Telephones taking advantage of slack play of their opponents added three more goals to their first half point before the close, to win by four goals to two.

CONTESTED ENCOUNTER

The second championship tie was a well contested affair and there was not a dull moment in the game. In this encounter Kirkee United met Brijraj Young Met from Poona Kirkee established a lead through a penalty bully. Phillips being the scorer. They lost the advantage not long after, as the Young Men went all out for the equaliser and go it. Kirkee United were upset at this. They followed up with some splendid hockey and succeeded to once again get on top by scoring before half time.

Kirkee continued to play a highly polished game, the whole team operating fluently and correctly. But for some stolid defending by the Young Men, Kirkee should have scored more than a solitary goal in the late spell. This was all that was allowed them and they retired victorious by three goals to one.

To-day's Match

B. P. H. A. ground—5-15 p.m.—Young Sports vs No. 3 Fortress Cov., R. E., A. F. (I.)

Lewis Cup

A holiday crowd filled St. Xavier's College Gymkhana Stadium, at Parel, to see two further games in the Lewis Cup Tournament.

The Bombay Textile Catholic Association accounted for the Kanara Catholic Association by two goals to nil. A goal was scored in each half The initial point came from Lobo and Francis completed the tally

ST. XAVIER'S UNLUCKY

The attraction of the evening was the meeting of St. Xavier's College "A" and the Lusitanians.

Both teams put their all into the game but the Lusianians snached at an opportunity to score and netted in the eleventh minute through Rattos. They crossed over with this advantage.

The second half saw St Xavier's do their utmost to save the game. They played smart and good hockey and were often within sight of the equaliser, but this eluded them Public opinion was that the Xaverians were definitely unlucky not to at least draw.

TO-DAY'S GAME

St. Xavier's College Gymkhana Parel—5-15 p.m. Bombay City vs. Christ and Barnes Ex-Students.

KINDLE INDIA'S NATIONAL SPIRIT AND WIN WAR

(Continued from Page 10)

tions for the efficiency and adequacy of defence of any country will be vigorously and vigilantly pursued and completed within a reasonable time.

"The creation of a completely Indianised Central Government during the period of the war coupled with an announcement of Government's resolve to maintain the political unity of India as one undivided nation and to establish full responsible Government of Dominion type at the end of the war, besides serving as a solvent of the Hindu-Muslim problem and the political deadlock, will give the impetus needed to the people to make a supreme national effort for the defeat of the Authoritarian Powers and the success of the Democracy in the civilized world.—A. P.

The Committee passed eight other resolutions one of which opined that "Congress Satyagrahis, who court imprisonment should be classed as political prisoners and given all the amenities that are due to political prisoners and must not be grouped along with the ordinary prisoners". The resolution also deplored the repeal in the Central Provinces of the Act passed by the Congress Ministry regarding political prisoners, and called for its revival.

NATIONAL ARMY

The formation of a National Army in India forms the subject of another resolution, which calls upon the Government of India "to abandon the policy of segregation of British from Indian units, the political prejudice confining army recruitment to particular classes and the communal practice of giving preponderance to one particular community or province in the army."

Another resolution criticised the census operations with particular reference to the entry of the name of the religion of aboriginal tribes in Bihar and of the castes of Hinduism in the Punjab and Bengal. The Committee maintained that "the conduct of the enumerators is contrary to the instructions which the Central Census Office had promised to issue and which they are given to understand, have actually been issued also."

The Committee supported the candidature of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta for one of the two seats in the Central Legislative Assembly recently declared vacant.

DROP PAKISTAN

A resolution relating to Pakistan demanded the British Government "to make an unequivocal declaration that they will summarily reject any scheme that aims at or is calculated to impair the solidarity, integrity and unity of the Indian nation," and declared that "the Hindus cannot feel any genuine enthusiasm in co-operating with the Government in their war efforts so long as the Communal Award is allowed to corrode and destroy the spirit of nationalism in the country and the sword of Pakistan is kept hanging over their heads."

The Committee urged upon H. E. H. the Nizam the necessity of introducing the reforms in his State "at the earliest date possible."

Yet another resolution urged upon Hindu women to "take real interest and play a fuller part in the Hindu national life by joining the Hindu movement in larger numbers."—A. P.

Customs Win At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15.

The Bombay Customs in their first encounter in the Yadavindra Hockey Tournament this afternoon defeated the Delhi University by two goals to one after a well-contested match. The visitors took an early lead through Nasir, but the 'Varsity equalised through Ibrahim, their inside left. In the second half Milne scored the winning goal for the Bombay Customs.

Three other matches were also played this afternoon but they remained undecided. The replay between the Paraders Hockey Club, Peshawar, and the Railway Clearing Blues again ended in goalless draw.

The replay between the Central P. W. D., and the Independents was another inconclusive game both sides scoring once.

Khan XI, Mardan, played their first match to-day against the New Delhi Heroes but were held to a draw, neither side scoring.—A. P.

Yadavindra Tourney

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16.

Four matches were played in the Yadavindra Hockey Tournament this afternoon.

The following are the results:—

Railway Clearing Blues one Paraders Hockey Club, Peshawar, 0 (second replay).

Khan XI, Mardan two New Delhi Heroes 0 (replay).

Independents one Central P. W. D. one (replay).

State XI (Baria State) four Delhi Youngs (A) 0.—A. P.

Western India Tennis Championships

Limaye Shines Against Bekkevold: Bobjee's Great Efforts Fail

With the "rabits" out of the tournament very fine and exciting tennis was the order of the evening in the Western India Tennis Championships on Sunday, and the stands were filled to capacity to watch a number of really good and contested matches

With the victory of F. Bekkevold over that gallant player, N. V. Limaye, we have the last eight in the Men's Singles —Azim, J. Charanjiva, Man Mohan, F. Bekkevold, M. V. Bobjee, the Rasikumar of Wankaner, R. N Pandit and C. W. Barker.

Miss K. Haji and Miss S. Mehta entered the semi-final stage of the Women's Doubles by eliminating Mrs. Bell and Mrs. Tew. They now await either Miss Leela Row and Miss L. Woodbridge or Miss L. Merchant and Miss P De Lima who have yet to meet.

LIMAYE SHINES

In the first Single's match the feature was Limaye's stalwart play in the first set. During this phase Limaye seemed to revel in the tremendously part nature of things and planted his returns so deep in the corners as the set progressed that Bekkevold was forced to expose his court for his opponents switch—over winning drives. While playing a solid back-court game Limaye was not afraid to move up and volley, falling back adroitly when lobbed. Added to this he kept on consistent good length and sent down an accurate kicking service.

In the second set both men lost their service games first Limaye, who double faulted twice and then Bekkevid. The next game reached 15—40, with Limaye serving. It went to deuce. Bekkevold was at game point thereafter. Then Limaye was guilty of a double fault. Bekkevold also yielded his service game to make it two-all. Limaye once again could not use his service game and conceded to Bekkevold a love gamed. Bekkevold took his service game and he led by two games. Limaye delighted the stands with sole stalwart serving. He scored three service aces in the love game he gave Bekkevold. The score now was 5—4. Bekkevold and Limaye took their own service games 4—5. Bekkevoid took the next game and set. In this set Bekkevoid pinned his opponent down in his back hand corner with some fine cross-court driving and Limaye did not have, or did not exploit an adequate counter to deal with his opponents tactics.

The third set saw Limaye's game slump. He allowed errors to creep into his service delivery and sent down his shots without direct force Bekkevoid's match winning form had come up. He seldom conceded an error and had his opponent well beaten by the end the third set.

Another Single's game saw R. N. Pandit and C. W. Barker contest the right to enter the semi-finals Pandit took the early set (6—2). Barker annexed the next (6—1). In this match there was more finessing than thrills. There were long bouts of driving.

The Rasikumar of Wankaner and the Prince of Cutch eliminated S. A. Azim and M. V. Bobjee in the Doubles. The first set went to the losers (1—6). Here Bobjee proved he had a deadly kill from all parts of the court. The Prince of Cutch appeared unsettled during this phase of the match and his loose shots multiplied as the score steadily mounted in the opposing pair's favour. He found his touch in the second set and game ample support to the Rasikumar of Wankaner, who was playing splendid tennis. The winning pair took three games in a row, before they allowed Azim to take and a service game to make it 3—1. The next three games went to the Rasikumar of Wankaner and the Prince of Cutch. A 6—1 last set was very little Bobjee's fault. He continued his hard game but Azim was falling and the opposite pair were playing good and brainy tennis.

In the third set the score went to three-all. Each side taking their service games in turn. Then Azim and Bobjee allowed their opponents to take Azim's service game. The next went in favour of the winners with the Prince of Cutch serving. Bobjee great service could not stem the tide of defeat.

Mrs. Tew and Mrs. Bell despite great efforts could not hold Miss K. Haji and Miss C. Mehta in the Women's Doubles. The latter took the first set 6—1 Miss Haji utilising her volleys and a wide variety of good strokes. The next set was a duel but the winners prevailed (8—6).

The results are:—

MEN'S SINGLES

F. Bekkevoid beat N. V. Limaye, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3; R. N. Pandit vs. C. W. Barker, 6—2, 6—1 (unfinished).

MEN'S DOUBLES

Rasikumar of Wankaner and the Prince of Cutch beat S. A. Azim and M. V. Bobjee, 1—6, 6—1, 6—3.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

Miss K. Haji and Miss S. Mehta beat Mrs. Bell and Mrs. Tew 6—1, 8—6.

PLATE MATCHES

K. K. Dastur beat Capt. Ghose, 7—5, 6—4; K. V. K. Singh beat J. E. Wynne, 6—1, 6—3; R. K. Shanghani, w.o. J. N. Kantawala; G. D. Bhagat beat G. Habib, 6—4, 6—3; M. R. Merchant w.o. N. S. Shoddan; A. Peermahomed beat J. H. Wadia 6—4, 3—6, 6—2; P. F. Kekobad beat W. Richardson, 6—1, 6—4; Madan Mohan beat H. J. H. Talyarkhan, 7—5, 3—6, 6—4

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

COURT NO. 2

4-00 p.m. F. Bekkevoid vs. Man Mohan.

4-45 p.m. S. A. Azim vs J. Charanjiva.

5-30 p.m. G. D Bhagat and Man Mohan vs. E. Samukawa and N. Harada.

COURT NO. 3

4-00 p.m. G. D. Bhagat vs. M. R Merchant.

4-45 p.m. N. V. Bobjee vs. Rasikumar Wankaner

5-30 p.m. Miss L. Row vs. Mrs. Maine.

COURT NO. 4

4-00 p.m. L. M. Khatau vs. N. Balaram

4-45 p.m. K. K. Dastur vs K. V. B. Singh.

5-30 p.m. J. E Tew and Mrs. Tew vs. R. R. Ruia and Miss Fowler.

COURT NO. 5

4-00 p.m J. J. Ghia vs. K. L. Dalaya

4-45 p.m V. P. Khatau vs. R. K. Shanghani.

5-30 p.m. E. Duthie vs. J. R. Shanghani.

COURT NO. 6

4-30 p.m. S. G. Rao vs. D. M. Pereira or A. J. Wadia.

5-30 p.m. M. R. Row vs. M.S. Nemani.

COURT NO. 7

4-30 p.m. R. N. Pundit vs. C. W. Barker (unfinished)

COURT NO. 7

5-30 p.m. N. M Damle vs Winner of L. M. Khatau and N. Balaram.

MAJOR NAYUDU SCORES 156

DACCA, Feb. 16.

The exhibition match between the Governor's XI and the Bengal Gymkhana ended in a draw. The Governor's team resuming their first innings to-day were all out before lunch for a total of 418. Major C. K Nayudu ended his great innings for 156 when Ram Chandra caught him off Sailen Dutt. The Major hit nine sixes and thirteen fours. He delighted cricket fans hereby spectacular hitting. He batted in all for 170 minutes. His century took him 13 minutes over two hours.

The Bengal Gymkhana collected 214 runs in their second venture. Here, the best thing was Naoimal's great bowling, he took nine wickes for 77 runs.

Matunga Badminton

The Southern Star Singles Tournament reached its semi-finals stage over the week-end.

The match between T. R. Ramakrishnan and M. S. Kannan was very exciting and went to three sets before the former won the match. M. S. Kannan bagged the first set, but T. R. Ramakrishnan asserted himself and ran out winner by annexing the next two sets.

The game between G. V. K. Iyer and Venkatachalam was also a close affair.

The following are the results:—

On Saturday 5-6 p.m.

SINGLES: G. V. Krishna Iyer beat M. Srinivas 29—16 and 29—6; M. S. Kannan beat T. R. Mahalingham 29—13, 29—20; G. V. K. Iyer beat Venkatachalam 29—23 and 29—22; T. R. Ramakrishnan beat M S. Kannan 25—29, 29—28, 29—14.

RAJAHMUNDRY, Feb. 15.

Mr. Venkataratnam who was arrested for offering Satyagraha was sentenced to-day to four months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 500.—A. P.

Quick Relief for DEEP RASPY COUGHS (DUE TO COLDS)

If that cold has caused throat or bronchial irritation, put a small lump of Vicks VapoRub on your tongue and let it melt. Feel VapoRub's medication bathe the irritated membranes as it slowly trickles down your throat—bringing comforting relief—where you want it—when you want it. Next, melt a spoonful of VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water. Then breathe in the steaming medicated vapors for a few minutes. As these vapors work their way down through the irritated air-passages, they loosen the phlegm and ease the cough. The relief that VapoRub brings will delight you.

VICKS VAPORUB

PILES?

Dr Ballin's internal and external treatment has proved to be successful over a period of years and will give immediate relief.

BALLIN'S Pills & Ointment

A Stanistreet Product

Smith Stanistreet Estd. 1821 in India.

SSK 3

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

DRAMA STRIKES IN THE GLOOM OF A LONDON BLACKOUT!

CONRAD VEIDT
IN
"CONTRABAND"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Release
WITH
VALERIE HOBSON
An Amazing Spy Drama... Thrilling, Authentic, Breathtaking!

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
LAUREL & HARDY
IN THEIR FUNNIEST
"BONNIE SCOTLAND"
M.-G.-M's Hilarious Comedy.
WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY
"MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY"
CHARLES LAUGHTON
CLARK GABLE.

He talks and how!

Charlie Chaplin
in his new comedy
The Great DICTATOR
Produced, written and directed by CHARLIE CHAPLIN
with PAULETTE GODDARD
JACK OAKIE · HENRY DANIELL
REGINALD GARDINER · BILLY GILBERT
MAURICE MOSCOVICH
Released thru United Artists
NEW EMPIRE
3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Free list & concessions entirely suspended
PRICES:—Matinee, Regular Rates: Rs 2/4, Rs. 1/2, As. 9, As. 4.
6-30 & 10 P.M. Rs. 3/6, Rs. 2/4, As. 14 As. 9.

Coming NEXT SATURDAY
a heart-throbbing tale of a woman's great sacrifice.

at
LAMINGTON
— TALKIES —

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 6, 1997
Muslim: Mohurrum 20, 1360
Parsi: Shehrever 16, 1310
Hightide: 3-22; 16-14
Lowtide: 9-36; 21-45
Sunrise: 7h. 7m.
Sunset: 6h. 40m

PUBLIC LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, T. S., Mr Maneckji J. Mistry will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty, on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 6-30 p.m., (S. T.), on "The Secret Cycles."

MAZDAZNAN YOUTH MOVEMENT

"Beauty and Intelligence" will be the subject for the Mazdaznan Youth Movement meeting to be held to-day (Monday) at the Mazdaznan Hall, Industrial Assurance Building, Opp. Church Gate Station, at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.).

ALL-INDIA SWADESHI EXHIBITION

A meeting of the members of the committee of All-India Swadeshi Exhibition 1931 will be held at the office of Tropical Insurance Co., Ltd., Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, on Wednesday the 19th instant, at 5 p.m.

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
CAN LOVE LAST A Life-time?
See the Universal Hit
NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE'S
THE HOUSE OF THE SEVEN GABLES
WITH
GEORGE SANDERS
MARGARET LINDSAY
VINCENT PRICE
AND NEW MARCH OF TIME
CRISIS in the PACIFIC
Plans Open! Book To-day.

4TH WEEK
Alexander Korda presents
The THIEF OF BAGDAD
in Magic Technicolor!
with CONRAD VEIDT · SABU
JUNE DUPREZ · JOHN JUSTIN
REX INGRAM · MARY MORRIS
RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CIRCO SECURES
Mass As Well As Class Applause!
★
SCREEN'S CAMPAIGN FOR MARITAL FRANCHISE
CIRCO'S
SOUL-STIRRING SOCIAL
MADHUSUDAN
Starring:
KUMAR
MAYA BANNERJEE,
ASHALATA, JIWAN,
KASHINATH, BADRIPRASAD,
SHYAMSUNDER
★
Direction:
BALWANT BHATT
IMPERIAL
Cinema, Lamington Road
Time: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., and Holidays at 1-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Balalaika" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The House of the Seven Gables" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Contraband" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Thief of Bagdad" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Great Dictator" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Puja" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lagna Pahawe Karoon" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Nartaki" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat" Daily at 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Madhusudan" Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"The Sea Hawk" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"India To-day" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Mere Raja" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.

MR. JEHANGIR CHINIWALLA'S TALK

To-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.), in the 'Khashnoom Hall', Noble Building, Parsi Bazar Street (4th floor), Fort, Mr. Jehangir Sorabji Chiniwalla, will give his fourth talk on "The Zoroastrian Religion and the formation of the First Space in the Nisti Emanation". The meeting is open to all Parsis. Hereafter the classes will close and will reopen on April 21st.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

Lecture on "Machine Tools and Tool-setting" by Mr. R. Boothroyd, Assistant Industrial Planning Officer, today (Monday) at 6-15 p.m., Conference Hall, Electric House Fort; open to engineering executives and foremen engaged on war work.

GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PAREL CENTRE

In aid of the Gokhale Education Society's School at Bordi, which sustained a heavy loss in the last devastating storm, the boys and girls of the Society's R. M. Bhatt High School, Parel, will give, under the Presidentship of Principal, P. K. Atre, charity performances of two dramas "Sangeet Vanavihar" by Principal Donde and "Sangeet Bandhubhav" by Mr. Bhingarde on Saturday, the 22nd instant, in the School Assembly Hall. All are earnestly invited to attend the performances and so contribute their mite towards this worthy cause.

PUBLIC MEETING AT PRINCESS STREET

A public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m., (S. T.), at Vithaldas Road, Princess Street, Mr. Dhirajlal B. Desai, President of the B. P. C. C., will preside and Messrs. Ratansy Champsi, Kameshwar Vyas, Gajendranath Sharman, Kesharichand Shah, Chinubhai Shah and others will speak on the "Present Political Situation."

GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) at 6 p.m., (S. T.), at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, when Mr Sorabji Nowroji Kanga, will give a discourse in Gujarati on "The Final Body at the Resurrection of the Time of Soshyos."

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Prof. J. C. P. d'Andrade will take his classes on Wednesday (the 19th instant), at 6-30 p.m. in Wilson College and not to-day (Monday)

BOMBAY WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Women's Association (All-India Women's Conference), a Public Meeting (of the women and men of Bombay) will be held on Wednesday the 19th instant, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), at the People's Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, when the delegates from Bombay will speak on their impressions of the Bangalore Session of the All-India Women's Conference. Mrs. Tarabai Premchand will preside.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

Why is it, I was asked the other day, are our Suburban Municipal finances in a parlous state? The question, of course, needs very careful consideration, but a study of the books will reveal that unrecovered tax plays a very important part in the deficits. Even a Municipality like Bandra suffers from heavy arrears of taxes.

A careful study from Municipal books gives one the real position of the outstanding taxes to be recovered. This money amounts to very large figures and the Municipal method of collecting the same has not been successful.

It is interesting to learn that most or major part of the taxes to be recovered is from wealthy people or some Municipal Councillors themselves.

Such an affair makes the whole situation difficult and it is felt in municipal circles that unless Government intervenes in the matter these taxes will not be recovered for years to come.

Heavy unnecessary expenditure also complicates the financial position. Suburban Municipalities, I have often pointed out, have spent large amounts on unwanted amenities or have wasted rather large amounts on projects carried out uneconomically.

The Bandra Municipal buildings, for instance, is one that is a waste of a lot of good money. The old Municipal building was large enough and a little alteration would have satisfied the purpose.

The building has a clock-tower which, I understand, needs a clock that will cost no less than Rs. 4,000. This amount is rather a big one for just a clock.

Looking at the administration of the Suburban Municipalities, I fear that before long, one of our municipalities will suffer the fate of Kurla Municipality.

This should be a warning to the Suburban city fathers.

How many of our Councillors, I wonder, ever visit their constituency and study its needs?

Messrs. V. M. Bhave (standing) and D. G. Sakrikar, students of Ramnarayan Ruia College, Dadar, who recently won the All-India Debating Championship Trophy at the Law College, Delhi, under whose auspices this debate was held. This is the third time in succession that the representatives of the Ruia College have won this Championship.

WHO'S WHO AMONG COMETS

Days When Our Earth Passed Through Its Tail!

"CHRONICLE" SPECIAL
BOMBAY, Saturday.

When exactly did the comet, now seen in Bombay and other parts of the country, make its appearance before?

This is the question which is engaging the attention of the local astronomers.

It is believed that this planetary gate-crasher which the public attention has been focused, should previously have been witnessed not earlier than two hundred years ago. But the astronomers have not been able to put their fingers on the exact date, when it made its previous appearance. It is likely to take nearly two or three months, as the orbit of the rover has to be carefully worked out.

It is not unusual that comets make their periodical appearances. A talk with Dr. S. K. Savur, Director of the Colaba Observatory, showed that many comets were visible to the bare eye in the 19th century.

Of these, the brightest was seen in March 1843 and the largest from September 7, 1882 to March 7, 1883.

The latter comet was first baptised as "Comet 1882 (b)" and later on as the great comet of 1882.

BIGGEST OF THE LOT

At one time, its tail was nearly two hundred million miles, that is more than twice the distance of the sun from the earth. It was believed that the earth passed through the tail of this comet.

This comet was closest to the sun on September 17, 1882. But it was only 43 days later, that is on October 30, that the nucleus was broken up into two distinct parts.

This division continued till February 10, 1883, when the nucleus was found to have been split up into five portions, when seen through a telescope. Nothing further could be observed, as the comet became faint very rapidly until it vanished into the depths of space.

Speculation as to what happened further to the nucleus, cannot be verified until the next return of the comet which, however, is not expected for another seven centuries and a half.

WHEN KIDDIES DANCE IN AID OF ACADEMY

During the last few years Bombay has been witnessing dance programmes on its stages both by masters of the Art as well as by amateur scholars and collegians. And of the latter there are quite a few who have already become popular with the city audiences. But an attempt to instil in the pupils in vast numbers the spirit of dance—and among veritable kiddies at that—seems to have been made by the Children's Academy with hopeful progress. The Ras item in the programme of the variety in aid of the Academy on Saturday at the St. Xavier's College Hall called forth admiration and the leader of over a dozen kiddies, Pramoda Kapadia, herself a kiddy, deserves to be congratulated. Other members of the variety troupe—Padma Dave, Sushila Dave, Indu Gunjiker—also contributed to the entertainment of the audience. A dance-play (Nritya-Utsav) by nearly a couple of dozen girls led by Padma Zaveri was a treat for over half an hour—though tiring for the youngsters. In one of the three play-ettes Madusudan Rupare—another kiddy—contributed good merriment in the role of the court clown in the Gujarati "Lord of the Earth" and Kusum Kothare did well in the "Mock Doctor". The proceeds of the variety go to the reserve fund of the Academy

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND
LIST NO. 155

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 35,15,898-12-7, grand total now: Rs. 35,33,855-11-4.

Vote For Congress Candidate

B. P. C. C. President's And Mrs. Naidu's Appeal To Byculla Ward

Mr. Dhirajlal B. Desai, President, B. P. C. C., writes:—

It has been announced that a Municipal bye-election will be held in the above Ward to fill up the vacancy caused by the death of Sjt. Patil Narayan Kajle who had been elected to the Corporation on the Congress ticket. The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has nominated Sjt. Balkrishna Madhavrao Khandray to contest this bye-election as a Congress candidate.

In the name of the Congress I appeal to the voters of this Ward to vote for Sjt. Khandray. Sjt. Khandray has rendered yeoman services to this Ward and if elected he is sure to render useful services to the City.

I have no doubt that the voters of this Constituency will respond to the Congress call and do their duty to the Congress by voting for Sjt. Khandray.

Sjt. Khandray's Symbol is Cart

Polling day: Tuesday, February, 18.

Polling booth: Y.M.C.A. Playground at Wylie Road.

Polling hours: From 7-30 a.m. to 6-30 p.m. (Bombay Time.)

Mrs. Naidu's Appeal

I hope that the voters of Byculla Ward will solidly support Shri Khandray who is standing as a Congress Candidate for the Municipal by-election.

SAROJINI NAIDU.

Radical Democrats Support Jamnadas Mehta

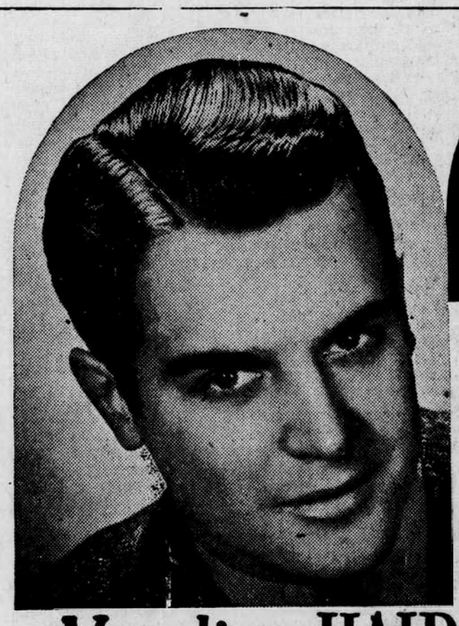
At a general body meeting of the Bombay Radical Democratic Party which was held under the presidentship of Mr. V. B. Karnik at Ghamat Terrace, Dadar, on Sunday afternoon, it was decided to hold the National Democratic Union Conference in Bombay very shortly.

The question of the Assembly elections in Maharashtra was also discussed and it was unanimously resolved to support Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who is contesting the election in view of the fact that he stands for wholehearted participation in the present Anti-Fascist War.

The Party further decided to carry on a vigorous Anti-Fascist movement in Bombay by holding three public meetings every week in the different parts of the city.

Over 1400 MILES of CAST IRON PIPES ARE LAID AS WATER MAINS UNDER THE CITY OF CALCUTTA

The durability of Cast Iron Pipes is so thoroughly proved that no limit is placed on their life. Water Supply Engineers regard Cast Iron Pipes as the most economical form of piping because they are impervious to corrosion and rust, they are the cheapest to maintain, save money on street openings and pay a final dividend in salvage value.
Cast Iron Pipes are manufactured at our Kulti Works to B. S. S.
THE INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.
MANAGING AGENTS: BURN & CO., CALCUTTA
WORKS AT: HIRAPUR & KULTI
Agents for Bombay Presidency. O RMERODS (India) Ltd., P. O. Box No. 410, Bombay.


FIGHT DRY SCALP— GIVE HANDSOME HAIR A CHANCE
START using 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic today, and notice the difference tomorrow! No drying ingredients in *this* hair tonic! It actually supplements the scalp's natural oils, relieves Dry Scalp and loose dandruff scales. Keeps the hair handsome, easy to comb.
EVERY MORNING shake on a few drops to make hair behave. EVERY WEEK, before shampooing, a generous massage with 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic helps to prevent dryness.

Vaseline HAIR TONIC
TRADE MARK
First Aid
For cuts, bruises, burns and rough broken skin, use 'Vaseline' Petroleum Jelly. Absolutely pure, it soothes and aids healing. Keep a jar always on hand.

Telephone No. 22082 Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Post Box 232 Registered No. L. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1941.

INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

It appears from the proceedings of the first meeting of the Industrial Research Utilisation Committee held at Delhi last week that the Committee has formulated some important conclusions about the best methods of promoting and utilising industrial research. Of special importance is the proposal that research schemes which can be exploited without much capital investment or the erection of plant and machinery, and which can be exploited as cottage industries and are of general public benefit, may be released to the public without any conditions regarding royalty being attached thereto, Government't attitude towards these conclusions is not yet clear. Obviously, the most important question is about financing such research, by whomsoever undertaken. That question can be best solved, in India as elsewhere, only if the industrialists, the Universities and Government co-operate wholeheartedly. Such co-operation is possible if Government have a truly national and long-visioned policy and are not content with mere make-believe.

How Government Can Help

At a time when war taxation is high it is not easy for many industrial concerns to set apart adequate funds for research, even if they are enlightened enough to appreciate the value of research. The Research Committee has recommended that royalty received by the Central Government may be constituted into a separate fund for the further development of industrial research. This is a good suggestion so far as it goes. But at the present stage profitable inventions are not so plentiful as to build up a fund sufficiently large to encourage research. The British Government are condering a proposal that half the money collected through the excess profits duty shall not be used for meeting war expenditure but placed in a special fund for the purpose of assisting various industries at the end of the war, the proposal itself arising from complaints by industrialists that the high excess profits duty does not allow them to make due provision for this purpose. The Government of India may do likewise and set apart a fair proportion of the Excess Profits duty for the purpose of promoting vital industries, particularly research therein.

State Control Of Industries

The Commerce Member, Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, presiding over the Research Committee's meeting, referred to a noteworthy difficulty in the proper utilization of the results of research. It is that some interested manufacturers might acquire patent rights of inventions not to utilise the inventions but rather to put them in cold storage so long as old methods are to them more profitable. In this way the country as a whole is deprived of the advantages of the inventions. This danger is not imaginary. And a partial remedy is suggested by the Committee that as regards the results of research appertaining to some basic trade of general importance, Government may undertake its utilisation either directly or through a new concern in which Government may be represented through directors, or impose such control as they may deem necessary on the concern for achieving the object in view, namely, the availability of the basic product to all industries requiring it at normal prices. This is a step in the right direction, the goal being the nationalisation of basic or key industries. It is obvious that such a policy of increasing State control over industries will be most beneficial only when the Government is free and popular.

The Ceylon Problem

In the debate on Ceylon in the Central Legislative Assembly last week deserved praise was given to the Government of India for their stand on this question and to the Ceylon Governor for his timely message to the legislature of that country safeguarding the rights of resident Indians. The praise of the former, however, is subject to the regret, expressed by Sir Raza Ali, that Government did not associate with themselves representatives of the people of India in the negotiations with the Ceylon Delegation. Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai said in defence of Government that they had the benefit of the advice of the Standing Emigration Committee which was consulted "when a definite stage in the negotiations had been reached." But that "definite" stage was after the negotiations had ended, that is, when it was too late. Sir Girja Shankar realised this anomaly and gave an assurance that "when they proceeded from informal to formal negotiations, the suggestion made by Sir Raza Ali would be borne in mind." Popular representatives are as necessary for informal as for formal negotiations. However, we trust that, when the negotiations are resumed, they will not again be called informal.

It should also be borne in mind that the praise of the Governor of Ceylon should not be carried so far as to give one the impression that the Indians in Ceylon rely more on a third party than on the popular Government of the country of which they claim full citizenship The resident Indians should not be encouraged to take up an anti-national attitude. That will never help them in the long run but will only widen the rift between them and the people of their adopted country. Negotiations should always be with the Ceylon Ministers, though Indians may be grateful for any relief coming from any authority. Sir Fredrick E. James, referring to the Governor's message, said: "His action carries with it an important lesson that I think some communities in this country might well bear in mind." The suggestion of Sir F. James carries with it a lesson which Indians should well bear in mind.

Bulgaria Surrenders

It is now revealed that some weeks ago, in reply to a direct question by the British Minister in Sofia, the Bulgarian Prime Minister refused to give an undertaking that Bulgaria would not allow the passage of German troops through her territory. As a result, the Sofia Government has been warned that Britain will break off diplomatic relations if German troops occupy Bulgaria or use it as a base against Greece. It is not yet known what official reply has been given to this warning by M. Ivan Popoff, the Foreign Minister. But it is clear that Bulgaria, like Rumania has finally sold out to the Nazis. No doubt on instructions from Berlin, the newly-mobilized Bulgarian troops are being sent to the Turkish frontier, the bridges have been mined and food-supplies rationed.Bulgaria is today a vassal of Germany and Nazi troops will soon be on Bulgarian soil, if they are not there already. The only question is: Is Hitler contemplating a drive towards the Dardanelles or does he want to rescue his junior ally from his self-invited predicament in Greece.

King-Hall News-Letter

Blight Of Japanese Expansion

The following are cabled extracts from King-Hall News letter No. 240, dated February 13, 1941.

Not even in Nazi Germany has the myth of the sacred mission of a super race to impose its rule and its philosophy upon other peoples become so dominant and, therefore, so dangerous a factor in national life as Japan. By inherited traditions, by a rationalised philosophy, by religious sanction, by absolutely controlled education and propaganda, further stimulated by the urge of gain and glory and by the circumstance of having never yet experienced sobering defeat, this consciousness animates the entire nation and justifies the cruelties of unprovoked invasion as well as the aggravation of their own economic or other hardships which are regarded by them as sacrifices in a noble cause. It is the naive sincerity of this conviction which makes of it such a deadly menace.

★

How the principle of Japanese hegemony has worked out in actual application can be studied in the case of Manchuria about which, however, controlled censorship allows but little real news to leak out. Manchuria was taken over less than ten years ago by a determined group of younger military officers in order to demonstate the desirability of state socialism or state capitalism, they having been convinced of the hopelessness of such reform in Japan itself. The undoubted tinge of idealism, which prompted this adventure makes more poignantly significant its outcome to date. For all Manchuria gives the impression of a vast prison camp. The Chinese, long since disarmed and herded in the country into designated and heavily guarded villages, registered and controlled by every device imitative of German thoroughness, are cowed and listless in demeanour. Instead of the cheery smiling patience which has been recognised as characteristic even of the poorest among them their faces now have bleak apathy expressive of suffering, injustice and hopelessness of their outlook. Japanese, high in authority there, have been quoted as admitting not exactly the failure but the breakdown in Japanese methods, which somehow do not suit the Chinese, and the necessity for some other administrative procedure adapted to Chinese peculiarities.

★

The Scotch and Irish Presbyterian Mission have determined on closing all their schools because of hampering restrictions and compulsory shrine worship all of which are part of a relentlessly enforced Japanisation. This includes their medical and theological colleges. Hospitals are being closed for similar reasons. Their Chinese colleagues are helpless against not only imprisonment or torture but threats to their families or neighbours—in fact all who prove recalcitrant. In the new capital of "Manchukuo" national temples have been erected in which the Sun Goddess has been enshrined. There is a slightly ludicrous theologico-political issue as to whether she can function both in Japan proper and in "Manchukuo", which must be settled before she can be made the object of universal (compulsory) worship in the latter territory.

This gloomy picture of the Japanese attempt to create what they once described—and sincerely intended—as a "paradise" supplies a grimly realistic blueprint of what would happen here or wherever else they penetrate. Identical patterns began here in embryo with their first occupation and are forming as rapidly as they dare to proceed. They have shown themselves utterly incapable of governing another people. They reproduce without appreciating Chinese racial conditions the precise form of regimentation obtaining in Japan just as they imitate foreign articles of commerce in their industry. When the Chinese resist or merely fail to comprehend, they beat or kick or kill with a brutishness which discloses among other characteristics their incapacity for attaining their objective by other means than force. They have established a monopoly control over every revenue producing process which is exploited with rapacity in startling contrast with the gracious amenities which we are accustomed to associate with this nation. Protected as all this is by the army, and indeed largely for private profiteering of its higher officers, it takes to every form of unprincipled racket or robbery. The worst is, of course, the diabolical traffic in opium and its cheap but deadly derivatives. Recent visitors have been impressed with the coarsening of Japanese life in the home under the privations of economic strain and the tightening of totalitarian control.

It is my solemn conviction that, unless thwarted by factors which they cannot overcome, the Japanese will pursue their expansionist programme in occupied parts of China and in all south-east Asia and the adjacent island groups. Furthermore this will result in disaster and misery for their victims, the ejection of all foreign interests except those they can temporarily utilise and the inevitable conflict later with the United States, unless the menace of this state of mind is promptly and firmly dealt with now when all the conditions for doing so are relatively favourable. This is the clear inference to be drawn from the history of Japanese occupation wherever this paralysing blight has fallen on any other culture than their own.

MUSLIM MEMBERS WALK-OUT

Protest Against Karachi Mayor's Ruling

KARACHI, Feb. 15.

The Muslim members present at a meeting of the Karachi Municipal Corporation walked out last night as a protest against the Mayor's ruling that no amendment could be made to the salary scheduled for the staff when the Corporation was considering the Budget for 1941-42.

As details of general administration were being considered Mr. M. Gazdar, M. L. A., proposed that a provision of Rs. 7,200 instead of the original Rs. 4,800 be made for the pay of the land department officer.

The Mayor giving his ruling said that the Chief Officer could approach for an increase in the salary of scheduled staff when found necessary.

On this the Muslim members headed by Mr. Gazdar walked out. The meeting, however, continued and adopted the original estimates.—A. P.

Frankly Speaking

Anglo-Turkish Staff Talks

By a significant coincidence the staff talks between the Turkish General Staff and the British Military Mission, representing the Middle East Command, have concluded just when, by all indications, Hitler's Balkan Blitz is about to be launched. The Mission has made an intensive tour of all the Turkish military zones and has expressed itself to be completely satisfied. It is obvious that whether the Nazis march south or east, the Turks will have to bear the first and main brunt of the German offensive. Whatever doubts may have existed in the past regarding Turkey's attitude, one can now reasonably believe that she has made up her mind to stand up to Hitler. To-day, in spite of the fall of France, her position is strategically more sound than what it was at the beginning of the war. The collapse of Graziani's army will release a considerable portion of the Army of the Nile for service in the Near East, if necessary. Besides the occupation of Crete and other Greek bases by Britain is itself a guarantee to Turkey that help will be speedily available. The only uncertain factor yet is the attitude of the Soviet but the Turkish Government appear to have now adopted a firm as well as independent policy. The stern warnings of the Turkish press to Bulgaria show that Turkey is ready for all eventualities.

When Destroyers Are Not Destroyers

The storm in the tea-cup has blown off. An announcement from the White House says that there is no controversy between President Roosevelt and Col. Knox, the Navy Secretary, or Mr. Wilkie on the question of turning over more destroyers to Britain. This news is excellent but the forecast made by the "New York Herald Tribune" regarding the likely transfer of 40 or more U.S. destroyers to Britain is still better. The alleged difference between the President, his Navy Secretary and Mr. Willkie have been (says the "Tribune") smoothed over because there are a number of old destroyers which are being converted to transport ships and as such do not technically form part of the Navy's destroyer flotilla. Those destroyers, which are no longer U. S. destroyers, can however, be yet reconditioned so as to make of them suitable destroyers for the Royal Navy. And the reconditioning will have naturally to be made in American yards. All of which is verbally rather involved; still its meaning is pretty clear.

Basic English Dictionary

The 'Times of India" Press has published for the Orthological Institute a dictionary of Basic English. Using only the 850 of Basic and 50 international words which go with them, it gives a knowledge of over 20,000 English words covering at least 40,000 separate senses and special word-groups. This appears on the surface to be a great achievement and probably is, when one bears in mind the number of people who attempt to learn English with the most disastrous consequences. Basic English as such is of great use to those whose ambition in life is to speak the minimum of English to the maximum of purpose. It is the sort of commercial English that would be of great value to those who are content with their small sphere of life and who live the monotonous existence of office and home and home and office. For all these Basic English is admirable. But if one's ambition in life goes beyond these narrow limits, if one wants to enjoy something of that finer side of life, which gives one a thrill at the reading of a well-formed sentence, the drama in a forceful line, the crispness of phrase, style and such other finer points in English literature, Basic English is of limited value. Though one may not share the enthusiasm of the glowing tributes paid to Basic by some of its champions, one cannot help appreciating its advantages to the large and growing number of the non-English speaking people wishing to get a working knowledge of its elements. To such persons the Basic Dictionary is a very great advantage indeed.

Old Nuisances

It is announced that the rules under the Indian Raiways Act are so amended as to penalise begging and unauthorised hawking in trains or railway premises. We thought that even under the old rules both these nuisances could be combated. But let us hope the new rules will be more effective. They will be only if the lower Railway officials concerned are earnest and honest. Otherwise even the new rules will continue to be a dead letter. It is also desirable that the travelling public should help in the enforcement of the rules.

Study Of Indian Crops And Soils

We have received a copy of the report of the proceedings of the third meeting of the Crops and Soils wing of the Board of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry in India held at New Delhi from 6th to 9th December, 1939. The report derives its interest from the importance of soil conservation and crop improvement in the agricultural economy of India. The poverty of the cultivator can be relieved only if he is enabled to secure a larger income from his farming operations. Scientific research has to demonstrate the practical utility of proved improved methods which are calculated to increase the yield of crops and to reduce farming costs. What is being done in these directions was discussed at a meeting of agricultural experts. Two of the subjects discussed were work on agricultural economics and the application of the results obtained from it to future agricultural improvement and examination of the comparatively low yields per acre from the major crops of India and of the question whether a reorientation of relevant research work is required. The general impression which the report leaves on one's mind is that the work that is being done at present for the improvement of agriculture in India is inadequate and needs expansion and intensification.

Distortions Of Gandhiji's Views

(By MAHADEV DESAI)

Mr. Moore wields a facile pen and on certain matters is a greater crank than the cranks he ridicules through the columns of the "Statesman." We are thus accustomed to read his periodical outbursts on non-violence and Satyagraha with amused interest. But he has now crossed the limit. He has taken his campaign of distortion to the limit of legal libel. Gandhiji will not take any legal action even as he has hitherto refused in the face of blackest attacks on his character.

It was eight months ago that Gandhiji issued his 'Appeal to Every Briton.' It was issued with the consent of Government and a copy of it was forwarded to the British Government by H. E. the Viceroy, because it contained a sincere offer of co-operation if Government were inclined to fall in with Gandhiji's plan. Parts of this were cabled by Reuter, but the whole of it was in three or four weeks' time before the British people. The general reaction was of indifference, certainly not of the wild consternation of Mr. Moore. But there were among the British people a member of men and women, enjoying no less a position in life than Mr. Moore, who voice their feelings of deep appreciation of the appeal. But their's was a voice in the wilderness. The British Government appreciated the motive of Gandhiji's offer of co-operation but regretted their inability to accept it. The matter should have ended there. But not with Mr. Moore. He has deliberately torn out of their context, words from that appeal, imposed on them his own interpretation, and day in and day out has been sedulously trying to educate his readers into that false interpretation

* * * *

I shall presently come to the words he has thus torn out of their context. The only thing that can be said in Mr. Moore's favour is that those are Gandhiji's own words. In the heat of his frenzy he has now put into his mouth words he has never uttered and attributed to him actions and motives which even his worst enemy would not do. In an article entitled 'Co-operating with Hitler', he says: "Mr. Gandhi advises Indians to non-co-operate with the British. His advice is willingly followed. If an over-zealous Indian policeman who may be supposed to impersonate the 'British Raj' slits open the bellows of a harmonium in a

(Continued On Page 8, Col. 1)

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, Feb. 14.

The constitution sub-committee appointed by the All-India Muslim League to prepare a Pakistan scheme as embodied in the League resolution has to-day forwarded its report to the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League.

The scheme, it is understood, provides without transfer of population separate homelands covering one-third of the total area of India for the entire Muslim community excepting 15,000,000 people.

Each of these areas shall constitute a separate unit owing allegiance to one common regional sovereign State, *each regional State being directly responsible to the British Government.*

(Italics are ours).

* * * *

The Italians complain that it was very unfair of the British to drop parachutists, so effectively disguised as Germans in British uniforms!

* * * *

That Hitler won't like Charlie Chaplin's "The Great Dictator" is obvious.

But it appears that the local Anglo-Indian press also doesn't seem to like it very much.

* * * *

By the way, is it the last speech in which Chaplin makes a passionate plea for liberty that is so annoying to Anglo-India? Or is it the great comedian-humanitarian's assertion that all men are equally entitled to freedom, be they Jew or Gentile, black, brown or white?

* * * *

The next Liberal jamboree will be held, it is suggested, in Sir Chimanlal Setalvad's drawing room so that members of the family can occupy the chairs that may happen to remain vacant.

* * * *

"Greatest cordiality"—ined to have been the key-note of Franco-Petain talks.

"Greatest cordiality"—under the present circumstances of course!

* * * *

Mussolini—the Not So Great Dictator!

* * * *

According to the Stefani Agency, "No one in Italy would even consent to negotiations or an armistice until Italy has taken full revenge on land and sea"

Poor 'land and sea'! What have they done to deserve such dire threats?

* * * *

Hitler's Time-Table For 'Spring-Krieg'

—Headline.

Last year's, this year's or next year's?

To which the Junior Colleague replies that all time-tables are liable to changes without notice.

* * * *

JAPANESE BAROMETER

Screaming protest.
Terrible threats.
"New Order in Asia."
Stiff speech by an American diplomat.
"New Order only in East Asia".
Rebuff from Britain.
"Anxious to maintain peace."
Occasional apology.
Growling at American ambitions in the Pacific.
More growling at the presence of British in the Far East.
Screaming protest.
Terrible threats.
etc., etc., all over again.

* * * *

A man was surprised when the good-looking young woman greeted him by saying, 'Good evening' He could not remember having met her before.

She evidently realized her mistake for she explained: 'Oh. I'm so sorry. When I first saw you I thought you were the father of two of my children.'

She walked on, while the man stared after her. He did not know, of course, that she was a school teacher.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The promoter is a sort of drum major of industry.

The millionaire who dresses as well as his clerk is more or less eccentric.

It takes a woman to make every word tell when it comes to imparting a secret.

Lots of men acquire fortunes by being kept too busy to spend the money they make.

Many a man who can't paddle his own canoe imagines that he is capable of steering the ship of state.

It's so hard for some men to save money when single that they don't think it worth while trying after they marry.

BULGARIA'S 'NO' TO BRITAIN

On Albanian Frontier

GREEK TROOPS DOMINATE NORTHERN SECTOR

IMPORTANT STRATEGIC POINTS CAPTURED AFTER FIERCE FIGHTING: MANY PRISONERS TAKEN

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Reuter's Special Corresponden on the Albanian Frontier, writes:—Greek advances along the whole of the Northern Sector are reported here. Between Tepelini and Klisura an exceptionally strong Greek offensive resulted in the advance of further three miles leaving Tepelini as an open town some six miles behind Greek lines.

At dawn, to-day (Saturday) Greek troops drove out small detachments of Italian troops and occupied positions above Progradetz.

In the Skumbi River valley, the Greeks also succeeded in capturing important strategic points after fierce fighting. After a long artillery preparation in the Devoli River valley, Greeks took the offensive and occupied important positions.

Fierce artillery duels in Ostravitza mountains were also reported. Several hundred prisoners including four officers and many non-commissioned officers, as well as much war material were captured in the advance between Tepelini and Klisura.

Greek troops now dominate the entire northern front and their pressure on Italian positions is continuing.—Reuter.

Numerous Losses For Enemy

LONDON, Feb. 16.

The Greek offensive which began on Thursday all along the front from the shores of Lake Ochrida to the Adriatic is being pushed forward with vigour and determination, according to the Athens radio to-night and a Press Ministry statement says, it is not expected to be long before fresh important successes are announced.

The Italians, stated the announcer, have been fighting stubbornly but the Greeks have dealt decisive blows at many points which have entailed numerous losses for the enemy.

Italian prisoners are arriving in an ever increasing stream and booty and war material of all kinds are falling into Greek hands.

The efforts of the Greek army were devoted to a thorough mopping up to the mountain range to the north of Klisura and by capturing another important and strongly fortified hill, the Greek forces had succeeded in making a flanking movement around the bend of the range.

Important Greek successes are also reported on the Northern front.—Reuter

ITALIANS DRIVEN BACK

Duce's Aircraft Not To Be Seen In The Sky

LONDON, Feb. 16

According to the Greek radio to-day the Italians have been driven back everywhere and their aircraft have practically disappeared from the sky.

The last Italian counter-attack made yesterday was the most disastrous. It is stated that enemy detachments lost 4|5th of their men.

More Greek Successes

ATHENS, Feb. 16.

More Greek successes in local engagements were recorded in Saturday night's Greek High Command Communique, which says that Italians were dislodged from strongly organised positions protected by barbed wire. The Greeks took 300 prisoners among whom were many officers. A great deal of war material fell into Greek hands.

A Ministry of Public Security Communique says that enemy aircraft bombed the island of Zante one person being wounded. Bombs were also dropped on country districts in the island of Crete, without causing any damage.

R. A. F. Raids Buzi Area

Further heavy raids on enemy positions in the Buzi area, North of Klisura, were made by R.A.F. bombers on Saturday, despite unfavourable weather, states a communique from British Headquarters in Greece.

Military camps, supply dumps, gun-emplacements and main roads between the targets were effectively bombed. Great confusion was caused when a stick of bombs fell over on motor transport and mule columns.

All the British planes returned safely.

Rome Admits It

To-day's Italian Communique refers to British raids last night on Rhodes, Catania, Syracuse and Brindisi.—Reuter.

Count Kodama Raises Scare

Single Flash Might Cause Conflagration

TOKYO, Feb. 15.

British and American hostility against Japan was growing "bolder and more manifest every day giving one the impression that a single flash might cause a conflagration", declared Count Kodama, spokesman for the largest party in the House of Peers demanding that the Diet should be convened in the event of any grave situation arising in the international field.—Reuter.

Can Get Nothing Out Of German Alliance

LONDON, Feb. 15.

"Japan can get nothing out of the German alliance" stated a Dutch broadcast from London last night.

"Germany has not prevented the Italian defeat. What could she do for Japan?"

The broadcast went on to say that the Netherlands East Indies were fortified to such an extent that a Japanese attack must be considered a difficult adventure.

It warned the people of the Netherlands East Indies against believing rumours spread by Germany and gave an authoritative denial that Dutch merchant ships in the Far East have been ordered to neutral ports or that the Japanese Government has claimed naval and air bases in the Netherlands East Indies.—Reuter.

JAPAN AND EAST INDIES

BATAVIA, Feb. 16.

Trade negotiations between Japan and the Netherlands East Indies will be resumed shortly. it is announced here. The two delegations are meeting to-morrow (Monday), to discuss the lines on which negotiations should follow.—Reuter.

WHY BRITISH SCORES IN AFRICA

LONDON, Feb. 15

The Joint Under-Secretary of State for War today gave four reasons for the brilliant successes in Africa.

Firstly, supreme skill and intiative in leadership, coupled with the high pitch of training of our troops; secondly, our tanks, mobile artillery, machineguns, etc., are super excellent; thirdly, the magnificent part played by the Royal Air Force; and fourthly, the Royal Navy.—Reuter.

GRAIN POOLS FOR WAR EMERGENCY

ISTANBUL, Feb. 16.

The Turkish Government is requisitioning all cereals and grains surplus to producers' requirements. This step is being taken owing to exceptional wartime circumstances which necessitate to accumulation of sufficient stocks in case an emergency arises. These surpluses will be paid for in cash.

The Turkish Government is also building up large stocks of flour and is creating a state-owned commercial office with a capital of ten million sterling having branches throughout Turkey with a view to buying, stocking and distributing all kinds of commodities and thus regulating the prices and curbing profiteering.—Reuter.

BULGARIA IN TRUE COLOURS

ISTANBUL, Feb. 16.

"Britain has been too 'soft' in her attitude towards Bulgaria.

This opinion was expressed by the well-known Turkish Deputy, M. Yaltchin, writing in the newspaper "Haber."

It is a strange, he says, that Britain did not understand Bulgaria earlier and that she continued trusting and sympathising.

"Turks hope that their London Allies and friends now understand Bulgaria better and that they will use their knowledge when meeting round the peace table" M. Yaltchin concludes.—Reuter.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

The Royal Navy in the last two months has been strengthened by 20 new warships.

They include two battle ships, two aircraft carriers, five cruisers and 11 destroyers.

These destroyers are in addition to the 50 already transferred by the United States to Britain.—Reuter.

Austrian Mountain Troops Still Arrive In Rumania

(Continued from Page 1)

coming increasingly severe. Rebel leaders are still hiding under German protection.

Legionaries At It Again

The legionaries are meeting nightly and further attempts on General Antonescu's life may be expected. Military searchlights sweep Bucharest housetops nightly for snipers.

There has been a swing of opinion in favour of Britain both in the Rumanian army and among the public. More Rumanians than ever tune in to British broadcasts. It is understood that this practice shortly will be prohibited. The people in Rumania generally await the future with trepidation fearing that the oil zone will be bombed shortly but hoping for the victory of the people by whom they expected to be bombed.—Reuter.

NAZI AIRCRAFT IN RUMANIA

LONDON, Feb. 15.

The mobilisation of a division stationed at Sofia has caused some dislocation in local business and tension in the capital remains high.

Although for the moment, there are no uniformed German troops in Bulgaria and no confirmation by responsible circles of the arrival of German warplanes on Bulgarian aerodromes, preparations for a blow appear to be practically complete.

While German preparations are being completed in Bulgaria some 30 German divisions reported here to total over 600,000 men are in control of Rumania.

German aircraft in Rumania which until recently were mainly fighters have been reinforced by formations of heavy bombers and troopcarriers in the past few days. The most conservative estimate places the number of German machines now in the country at 450 distributed throughout Rumania, but there have been recent movements towards the Eastern and Southern frontiers.—Reuter.

Br. Minister Leaves Rumania

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Sir Reginald Hoare, British Minister to Rumania, accompanied by the Belgian Minister and 145 others, reached the Rumanian port of Constanza this morning and boarded a ship for Istanbul.—Reuter.

Abyssinia's Travelling Newspaper

CAMEL TRAIN THAT CARRIES PRINTING PRESS, NEWSPRINT AND STAFF

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Reuter's special correspondent with the Abyssinian forces somewhere in Abyssinia writes:—

Abyssinian newspaper boys armed with spears and rifles are now distributing the free first national Ethiopian newspaper to be printed in the country for five years. The newspaper which is entitled "Bandarachei" (Our Flag) is being published in Abyssinia's "Fleet Street" in the forests of Gojjam Highlands. It is bordered with Ethiopian colours and is headed with an impression of the Lion of Judha.

During a forced trek through bush. I caught up with a camel convoy under the command of a young British Officer who was formerly an engineer. He gave me food and shoes and told me that his unit was an Ethiopian propaganda one and was composed of strange camel trains that cross the Abyssinian lowlands to Gojjam. This British Officer's sixty camels carried a printing press and a complete newspaper staff, bundles of newsprint, boxes of Amharic type, some of which had been salvaged after the Abyssinian war, the Emperor Haile Salassie's standard bearing the Royal Seal and Ethiopian coloured boxes with silver dollars.

For sometime past pamphlets like those distributed by the R.A.F. have been dropped all over Abyssinia. Now this travelling newspaper has passed within a few miles of enemy position to a spot in the forest where it is being published weekly. Armed Abyssinian newspaper boys are distributing the newspaper among Ethiopian forces, little village populations living even in caves and sometimes almost within stones throw of enemy camps.—Reuter.

What Roosevelt Told Japanese Ambassador

TOKYO, Feb. 16.

When Admiral Nomura, Japanese Ambassador to the United States, presented his credentials to President Roosevelt they did not discuss specific developments in the Far East, states a Washington message to the Domei News Agency.

The message says: 'It is learned authoritatively that the conversation was limited to broader aspects of Japanese-American relations which President Roosevelt indicated he desired to keep on a friendly basis. The same message states that it is reported that President Roosevelt confirmed the United States' intention of continuing the fullest aid to Britain short of war.

"The President stressed the fact that deep concern in America about China was increased by the belief that war in China and Europe might become parts of a single struggle," it added.—Reuter.

Blow To Iron Guards

RUMANIAN ROYAL DECREE

National Legionary State Constitution Abrogated

ROME, Feb. 16.

A Royal 'decree' was publisned in Bucharest to-day abrogating the law of September 14, 1940 relating to the constitution of a National Legionary State in which the Iron Guard movement alone was recognised and recognising the Legionary Movement as the only political organisation in Rumania, says a Bucharest telegram.

The 'decree' also forbids the formation of any political association or organisation.—Reuter.

Rumours Of New Rebellion Denied

ROME, Feb. 16.

Rumours of a new rebellion in Rumania are categorically denied in an official "communique" issued in Bucharest, says a telegram from the Rumanian capital.

It is added that in any case, the new security measures would prevent any attempt at a revolt being made.—Reuter.

Br. Military Mission Leaves Ankara

ANKARA, Feb. 16.

Lt.-Gen. Sir Janes Marshall-Cornwall and Air Vice Marshal Elmhurst of the British Military Mission, representing the Middle East Command, left Ankara late Saturday night by the Taurus Express for Cairo. They were seen off at the station by high Turkish officers, including the General Commanding the Army Corps in Ankara and the Chief of the Air Staff.—Reuter.

Jerajani On Importance Of Congress Constructive Programme

A determined drive to popularise spinning in Bombay was inaugurated, when Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, opened a spinning instructors' class at the Congress House on Sunday evening.

Mr. Vithaldas Jerajani, Chairman of the Khadi and Village Industries Board, speaking on the occasion stressed the importance of the constructive programme at this juncture in the political history of India.

He said that the country had made rapid strides in national regeneration since 1920 under the guidance and inspiration of Mahatma Gandhi.

BEDROCK OF TEACHINGS

The foundation of the mass awakening was the silent operation of the constructive programme, which was the bedrock of Gandhiji's teachings.

The Congress programme had the merit of enabling every person in the country to do constructive work. Khadi had become the emblem of patriotism. But in the view of Gandhiji, one's duty did not end with wearing Khadi. One had to go a step further and take to spinning. That would be every man's silent contribution to the national cause.

Mr. Dhirubhai Desai in the course of his speech said that the Congress had decided to tread in the footsteps of Gandhiji and he had said that those who could not go to jail should push on with the constructive programme. It was the duty of everyone to do his bidding and demonstrate that the whole country was behind him. He hoped that Bombay would not lag behind in this respect but would give a good account of itself.

Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai announced that Smt. Hemakuvarabi Tulsidas Shah of Bassein had donated five Charkhas to the Charkha Club at the Congress House.

At the end of the function there was a demonstration of mass spinning, in which more than 150 persons participated.

R. A. F. Over Nazi Targets

German Raiders Appear In Several Parts Of Great Britain

LONDON, Feb. 16.

It is learned in London that the R.A.F. last night made a heavy attack on industrial targets on the Ruhr. Channel Ports also were bombed.

Three enemy bombers were destroyed in the raids over Britain during the night.

An Air Ministry 'communique' giving this statement says that enemy activity during the night has been reported from many parts of the country. Bombs were dropped at a number of points, mainly in the north and east of England and in the London area and in one area north-east of Scotland, but no important attack developed anywhere.

Total damage done was slight, but included some houses demolished on the north-east coast and fire in the London area which was soon brought under control. The number of casualties was everywhere small.—Reuter.

Calais Also Heavily Pounded During Night

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Boulogne was still being heavily attacked after the raid had lasted more than four hours—one of the longest raids yet on the German-occupied French coast. Sticks of bombs were seen bursting in the darkness and flickering searchlights tried to penetrate the pall of smoke set over the ports. A bright glow showed in the sky above Calais which had been heavily pounded during the night.

Many motorists parked their cars on a cliff near Dover to watch the spectacle.—Reuter.

Nazi Planes Try Mass Raid Tactics

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Nazi planes tried highflying mass raid tactics again to-day (Saturday).

A large formation hidden in cloud roared across the Kent coast near the Straits of Dover in the afternoon but within a few minutes, Spitfires sent them hurrying back home.

Single enemy aircraft were over many parts of Britain during daylight.

R.A.F. RAIDS ON RHUR AREA

Objectives in Western Ruhr were the main targets of considerable attack by the British bombers Saturday night, says an Air Ministry Communique. The targets included oil installations, an inland port and aerodromes. A large number of high explosive bombs were seen to explode in the target areas, causing many large fires.

The port of Rotterdam was also attacked and bombs were seen to burst in the docks area.

Other bombers carried out successful sustained routine attack on docks in Boulogne and many large fires were started.

From all these operations two British aircraft are missing.

Coastal Command aircraft also raided docks in Calais at night without loss.

From other operations of the Coastal Command yesterday three British aircraft are missing.—Reuter.

HURRICANE SINKS BI FLYING BOAT

LONDON, Feb. 16.

The British flying boat "Clyde" was sunk in the river Tagus at Lisbon yesterday during a hurricane, which swept the Portuguese capital it is learned in London.

The "Clyde" was recently employed in the West African service of British Airways.—Reuter

Petain Does Not Want Hi In Syria

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Ven Hintig, head of the German Commercial Mission, which arrived in Syria several weeks ago is on his way back to Berlin with several of his collaborators, following a request by the French Government that he should be recalled, states a Jerusalem despatch to the independent agency.

The French Government is reported to have stated that Von Hintig's propaganda activities made his presence in Syria undesirable.—Reuter.

Britain Occupies Large Area

Portion Of Italian Somaliland Over-run: Advance In Eritrea

NAIROBI, Feb. 16.

With the occupation of Kismayu, the whole of the south-western portion of Italian Somaliland, up to the line of Juba river is now over-run by British troops says a Communique.

Large Area Occupied

Approximately ten thousand square miles of enemy territory, an area greater than Wales, have fallen into British hands. Units of the Royal Navy are co-operating by bombardment of enemy concentrations on the coast.

Union Units' Progress

On the northern sector South African units made further progress. Numerous friendly natives welcomed the advancing troops. The natives complained of bad treatment such as the forcible removal of their wives and children and stock by the Italians.

Union Air Force Bombs Bridge

Activities of the South African Air Force are chronicled in a Communique, which says a South African bomber squadron bombed a pontoon bridge in Italian Somaliland, hitting several pontoons and causing part of the bridge to sink. They also bombed wire entanglements and destroyed a blockhouse.

Another squadron bombed a motor transport on the Merca-Bardera road destroying three lorries. Many bombs were dropped on native levies on the Omo river delta. Fires which broke out after the previous raids were seen to be still burning.

Advance In Eritrea

CAIRO:—Concentration of additional troops about Keren in Eritrea is proceeding satisfactorily, while the advance of a motorised column continues says a British General Headquarters Communique.

The British have re-occupied the frontier post of Kurmuk in Abyssinia, the Communique continues, and in Italian Somaliland operations continue for the development of the British success at Kismayu.

In Vichy Govt.

ANOTHER PORTFOLIO FOR DARLAN

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Admiral Darlan who already holds the offices of Vice-Premier, Foreign Minister and Minister of Marine in the Vichy Government has taken over the Portfolio of Minister of the Interior, according to the Swiss Radio.

M. Peyrouton, Former Minister of the Interior, resigned from the Government to-day (Saturday) after his nomination as French Ambassador to the Argentine had been made known.—Reuter.

ROME BAN ON FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS

NEW LORK, Feb. 15.

All foreign correspondents in Rome have been forbidden to leave the capital without permission according to the New York Times". The official reason ascribed is that some correspondents went to Bordighera during the Franco-Mussolini talks.—Reuter.

Is It A New Comet?

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 16

The comet that was first observed in New Zealand and recently in Ceylon, Bombay and other places in India is being continuously photographed by the Nizamiah Observatory since Wednesday last.

The photograph shows a condensed head as well as a fairly bright tail, approximately three million miles long. It is now taking a north-eastern course, moving two or three degrees a day. The Nizamiah Observatory says, that it is not possible to ascertain as yet, whether it is a new comet or one belonging to the solar system.—United Press.

Jamsaheb's Call To Industrialists

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 16

An invitation to industrialists to come to his state and start industries after the war was extended by H. H. the Maharaja Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, at a garden party, given by Mr. Nandas Haridas, President of the Millowners Association, who complimented His Highness on the many reforms effected by him in his State and hoped that greater facilities would be offered to the commercial community at Bedi port.—A. P.

AFTER WILLKIE, HOPKINS

Urges Non-Stop Aid To Britain To Win The War

NEW YORK, Feb. 16

"I don't think Hitler can lick the British" were the first words of Mr. Harry Hopkins, when he arrived here today by the clipper on his return from Europe.

He added: "The English are as tough a crowd as I think there is. With the help of this country there is no question but that England will win the war and it is not going to be a stalemated war."

Mr. Hopkins declared that the British needed "lot of help" and said that he felt sure they would get it.

Mr. Hopkins plans to report to President Roosevelt in Washington tonight.—Reuter.

Arrivals At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, and Miss Jinnah arrived here from Bombay this evening by the Frontier Mail to attend the session of the Central Assembly.

His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda, Sir Homi Mehta and Mr. Justice Broomfield also arrived here by the same train.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

A Rome broadcast in Maltese for Malta says: "The British continue to talk of events in Abyssinia, but ignore what is happening in their own possessions, especially India, Palestine, Egypt and the Sudan. After years of occupation, the British are still treated as prisoners." The Romans are obviously thinking that a "Satyagrahi" is the Indian word for the Englishman.

The message goes on to say: "The quarters where they live have iron bars and after sundown no one may come in and go out. In India no European may go out after dark"—except to the Taj, of course!

Higher mathematics—A man put Rs. 500 on a horse which won. He lost a hundred rupees. Its a mug's game.

Apropos comets, even Dancing Comet has a tail.

I have just been told the epic of the gentleman from— — Road. Some years ago, when his son was at school, he managed to get a zero in three of his major subjects—Arithmetic, English and History. His tutor thought it necessary to write to the father just one line: "Here is your son's report and you'll see he has broken all records." The old man got very furious and gave the little boy a good spanking. When it was all over he said in an angry voice: "Let that be a lesson to you never to touch those gramophone records again."

DISTORTIONS OF GANDHIJI'S VIEWS

(Continued From Page 6)

search for arms that may be hidden by terrorists far from non-violent there is an outcry. If a small press is seized Mr. Gandhi himself writes as another person might write as if a woman or child had been murdered. If a prosperous Congressman is made to travel in a lower class on the railway the press reports the 'cruelty' as insupportable. But to Hitler and Mussolini the attitude prescribed is precisely the reverse." Let me say at once that this is a gross and disgraceful libel. I invite Mr. Moore to prove where Gandhiji has advised non-co-operation with the British and when he raised the various outeries attributed to him.

* * * *

This phantasmagoria is on a par with the one that he has raised out of the words that evidently seem to have given Mr. Moore many a sleepless night and many more ugly dreams. Here are those words to which Mr. Moore has given more improper currency than any one else: "'You will invite Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini to take what they want. If these gentlemen desire to occupy your homes you will vacate them. If they do not give you free passage out, you will allow yourself, man woman, and child, to be slaughtered." It is this which Mr. Moore calls "co-operating with Hitler", and it is on this count that the urges Government to wage ruthless war against the Satyagrahis who are no friends but enemies. Let me now give the whole paragraph out of which these sentences have been picked!

"I want you to fight Nazism without arms, or, if I am to retain the military terminology, with non-violent arms. I would like you to lay down the arms you have as being useless for saving you or humanity. You will invite Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini to take what they want of the countries you call your possessions. Let them take possession of your beautiful island, with your many beautiful buildings. You will give all these, but neither your souls nor your minds. If these gentlemen choose to occupy your homes, you will vacate them. If they do not give you free passage out, you will allow yourself, man, woman and child, to be slaughtered, but you will refuse to owe allegiance to them."

The sense should be clear to the meanest intelligence that neither a Hitler nor a Mussolini can do anything with our land or our houses, if we refuse them our co-operation. Will they tranship Nazis and Fascists from Germany and Italy to take charge of the vacated lands and homes? Could they exist on a foreign soil for a single day without the foreigner's co-operation? Could a handful of Britishers take possession of India and rule over her people without the latter's co-operation? But the very next paragraph makes the meaning clear if there was the slightest doubt about it:

"This process or method, which I have called 'non-violent non-co-operation' is not without considerable success in its use in India. Your representatives in India might deny my claim. If they do, I shall feel sorry for them. They may tell you that our non-co-operation was not wholly non-violent, that it was born of hatred. If they give that testimony, I won't deny it. Had it been wholly non-violent, if all the non-co-operators had been filled with goodwill towards you, I make bold to say that you who are India's masters would have become her pupils and, with much greater skill than we have, perfected this matchless weapon and met the German and Italian friends' menace with it. Indeed the history of Europe during the past few months would then have been written differently. Europe would have been spared seas of innocent blood, the rape of so many small nations, and the orgy of hatred."

It may be difficult to follow the method prescribed here, but should there be any difficulty in understanding what is meant all? Mr. Moore dares to suggest that what is advised here can be nothing but co-operation, for the Germans need nothing more than possession of the English homes. How erroneous this view is, will be apparent from the following words in a recent broadcast by General De Gaulle:

"What the enemy means by collaboration is the exploitation of France—the use of her fleet, naval and air bases, communications and industrial production for the gigantic struggle which Hitler is imposing on the world to enslave it. He needs the support of France in order to slacken the consequences at sea of the blockade and to ensure in West Africa bases from which he will be able to threaten America. Whatever may have been their mistakes, the Vichy men are not all of them ready to accept this last step of enslavement."

* * * *

That brings me to Mr. Moore's distortion of Gandhiji's words regarding the surrender of the French Government. While the words were uttered out of sympathy for an afflicted nation, and with a relief over the cessation of useless slaughter. Gandhiji expected even that defeated nation to offer no co-operation to the invaders, at any rate not to march heedlessly on to what General De Gaulle calls the "last step of enslavement". I read the other day that about a million Poles are working as impressed labourers on German soil. Was there anything to prevent them from refusing to give this co-operation, from refusing to give what Gandhiji would call their minds and their souls? A few thousands would have been mown down, but even the monsters that the Nazis are described to be would have been smothered with the stupendous sacrifice.

Mr. Moore naively says: "We have never heard of Mr. Gandhi making an offer like that to the British, who of course make no such demands." Mr. Moore has conveniently forgotten the history of the last twenty years. The British have demanded not only our lands and other property but even our bodies. An American who was told the other day that people were being put into jails without trial exclaimed: 'Is there no law of Habeas Corpus in India?' There is none. And even if a trial is offered, Gandhiji advises them to offer no defence, and now advises them to pay up the fines without demur.

Mr Moore has often wondered what a terrible calamity would have befallen the world if Britain had accepted Gandhiji's advice. The heavens would certainly not have come down. On the contrary the Heaven would have showered praises on the supreme act of bravery of the Britons who would have written the name of their country in letters of gold on the pages of history. More. The Nazis if they had chosen to occupy Britain's fair isle and her buildings, could not have done so without walking over the dead-bodies not only of thousands of Britons but also of thousands of Indians who would gladly have co-operated with them in the common object of ridding the world of all war and bloodshed. That and nothing short of it was the meaning of Gandhiji's offer of co-operation in that 'Appeal to Every Briton.'

But the pity of it all is that while the 'Statesman' may inflict its endless tirades upon us day in and day out, nothing may be said or written by way of explaining the technique of non-violently resisting the war. It is an open secret now that Gandhiji's open letter to Herr Hitler was prevented not only from being transmitted abroad but from even being published in the Indian Press. Even the fact was described by Government as confidential information, but the 'Statesman' of all papers was the first to publish the information in breach of confidence, and the Government have given it more publicity than Gandhiji cared to give it after giving his word that he would not publish it. (For I know that scores of people have seen the letter.)

I shall permit myself to give just two quotations from it in order to prove the absurdity of Mr. Moore's contention.

POWER OF NON-VIOLENCE

Here is a passage in which Gandhiji described the non-co-operation that Hitler would have to face if he dared to come here.

Our spolitors, he said, "may have our land and bodies but not our souls. They can have the former only by complete destruction of every man, woman or child. That all may not rise to that degree of heroism and that a fair amount of frightfulness can bend the back of revolt is true, but the argument would be beside the point. For, if a fair number of men and women can be found in India who would be prepared without any illwill against the sopliators to lay down their lives, rather than bend the knee to them, they would have showed the way to freedom from the tyranny of violence. I ask you to believe me when I say that you will find an unexpected number of such men and women in India."

And look at Gandhiji's characterisation of Hitler with whom we are being foully accused of co-operating:

"Your own writings, pronouncements and those of your friends and admirers leave no room for doubt that many of your acts are monstrous and unbecoming human dignity, especially in the estimation of men like me, who believe in universal friendliness. Such are your humiliation of Czechoslovakia, rape of Poland, swallowing of Denmark. I am aware that your view of life regards such spoliations as virtuous acts. But we have been taught from childhood to regard them as acts degrading humanity. Hence we cannot possibly wish success to your arms. You are leaving no legacy to your people of which they would feel proud. They cannot take pride in a recital of cruel deeds however skilfully planned. I therefore appeal to you in the name of humanity to stop the war."

Mr. Moore has certainly seen a copy of this letter and he has no excuse whatsoever to indulge in the vile accusations he has done. But the most charitable construction to put upon his article—"Co-operating with Hitler"—is that over-obsession with the sufferings of his countrymen at home has deprived him of reason and he expects even Government to lose their reason likewise.

Professional Tax Proposal

Artists Demand Exemption: Appeal To Govt. And Corporation

A vigorous plea for the exemption of artists from the payment of the Professional tax, proposed by the Bombay Municipal Corporation was made by Mr. V. V. Wagh, the well-known sculptor while presiding over a meeting of the artists of Bombay, held under the auspices of the Artists' Club' to protest against the levy of the tax, at the Blavatsky Lodge on Sunday evening.

RESOLUTIONS

Resolutions emphatically protesting against the proposed levy and declaring that such a measure was calculated to drive to utter ruination the art of the country and appealing to the Government of Bombay as well as the Municipal Corporation to exempt artists from the tax calling upon the members of the Corporation to institute an inquiry into the grievances of the artists and consider the question of providing cultural and artistic facilities to them were passed. The attention of the Corporation was invited to the resolution passed by it regarding the provision of a Municipal Public Hall and theatre

WAGH'S SPEECH

Mr. Wagh in the course of his speech said:—"The whole process of taxation is a process of distribution of social justice. The State distributes social justice by attempting to correlate taxation with an individual's ability to pay, thus ironing out the inequalities of our tax contribution. It is from this point of view that the superiority of income-tax has been increasingly discerned. Why then is a tax on professions proposed while income-tax is recognised as the best leveller of tax inequalities? And why professions alone of all categories of tax-payers should have been singled out for the levy, unless it is argued that the Municipality wants to discriminate in favour of the non-professional class of tax-payers?

"Such a levy, in addition to the income-tax, presupposes that professional classes have very large incomes and that their contribution to the State is not commensurate with the size of their income, in spite of the levy of the income-tax. This may perhaps be true of doctors, lawyers, professors etc., but to include the artists in that category is like giving a dog an ill name and hanging it. Financially poor, although intellectually endowed, socially necessary although economically unsound, the artist in this country has nowhere succeeded in earning an income that can exceed the exemption limit set up by the Indian Income-Tax Act. If distribution of social justice is the main object of taxation, how can a professional tax on the artists be justified?

INDEFENSIBLE ON ANY GROUND

"If a professional tax on Indian artists is unjustifiable on the "principle of the ability to pay," it is equally indefensible on the ground of "benefit". For what has the Government done for the Indian artists as a class to justify this special levy. On the other hand it is the artist that has been rendering a social service that ought properly to be rendered by Government, for feeding the nation's cultural life.

"One thing, however, must be made clear. The Indian artists as a class, do not want to sit in judgment over the propriety of a tax on professions. That is the sphere of the Legislature and the Press. The only thing that the artist claims is exemption from such a levy, as otherwise it will encroach on his profession, reduce his standard of living and even abridge his right to live."

Head Of French Nazi Party

New Role Of Leader Of Notorious Cagoulards

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Eugene Deloncle, who was leader of the notorious Cagoulards in 1937 is now head of the new Nazi-inspired French party, the "Ransemblement National Populaire" says a message to the Independent French News Agency.

Deloncle was the first man to be arrested when the Fascist rising by the Cagoulards was nipped in the bud just three years ago and was charged with storing German and Italian arms in readiness for an attempt at insurrection against Popular Front Govemrnment, then in power.—Reuter.

HE WAS NEVER ILL IN 116 YEARS

BERLIN, Feb. 16.

A peasant, hundred and sixteen years old, just died at Royarlin Focsan, a district of Rumania, according to a Bucharest message to the official German News Agency.

The man whose name was Michael Sandu was active up to the time of his death and claimed that he had never been ill in his life.—Reuter.

NAZI-SOVIET FRONTIER

Demarcation From Igorka River To Baltic Sea

MOSCOW, Feb. 16.

The German delegation to the Central Mixed Frontier Commission of Russia and Germany has arrived here.

Its task will be the demarcation of the Soviet-German Frontier from the river Igorka to the Baltic Sea.—Reuter.

The Press Makes The Film!

SUNDAY.

"The Bombay Chronicle' press was converted into a veritable film studio when, early this morning a production unit of the Bombay Talkies, led by Producer S. Mukerjee, arrived to 'shoot' some scenes for their forthcoming film, "Naya Sansar".

JOURNALISM STARRED

The story of this film, it appears is closely associated with newspaper work, and judging from the scenes 'shot' to-day, the drama of the journalist's life provides some of its most exciting sequences.

It was interesting to find handsome Ashok Kumar being a model for us, hard-boiled reporters, as he dashed in with a stop-press "scoop". But, frankly, what bowled us over was the appearance of a smart girl reporter played by charming Renuka Devi—and it is not true that she has refused to join our staff! (Other newspapers, please envy!)

A dignified personage with the editorial "We" written all over him turned out to be Mubarak and for obvious reasons we maintained a respectful distance. We were about to send a bright little office boy to fetch us some cigarettes but the lad wouldn't take orders. It was Suresh—and any moment one expected him to burst into *"Chal Chal re Navjawan."* In this case, it is true that we flatly refused to take him on our staff!

We were told that another important member of the cast is V. H. Desai. They say he is news editor but we didn't see him—must have been on night duty. (Thank heavens!)

DIPLOMATIC EVENT

It was a momentous meeting between the representatives of two great—and often mutually warring—powers: the Ambassadors of the Film and the Commissars of the Press. Neither side, however, seemed to be unduly disturbed by a consciousness of the historic significance of the occasion. But mutual interest was not lacking and while the gentlemen (ehm!) of the press were inquisitive about the mysteries of the motion picture camera, the film folks were nosing into the perplexing structure of the rotary machine. And if we mistook the "boom" for a noise, it was amusing to find Director Acharya confusing a "chase" with a block.

The studios claim to make stars. We have provided some—the rotary, the lino machine, even the humble proof-press!

P.S. There is no truth in the allegation that this reporter has refused the offer to be starred in Bombay Talkies' next picture.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Was Saving for a Rainy Day and the Next Day it Rained — By BUD FISHER

WHAT CHA LOOKING FOR, JEFF?
I HID MY ROLL OF BILLS SOME PLACE WHERE YOU WOULD NOT FIND IT AND NOW I CAN'T REMEMBER WHERE!
OH, THERE IT IS, MUTT! IN THE VASE OF FLOWERS!
GOSH, THAT'S THE LAST PLACE I WOULD THINK OF LOOKING FOR IT!
WHY IS IT THE LAST PLACE YOU WOULD THINK OF LOOKING FOR IT?
WELL, WHEN YOU'VE FOUND IT, YOU DON'T LOOK FOR IT ANY MORE! THEREFORE, IT'S THE LAST PLACE!
NO ONE BUT AN IDIOT WOULD GO ON LOOKING FOR SOMETHING AFTER HE'S FOUND IT!
?
10-24

HERE'S MILK THAT'S EASY TO KEEP WITHOUT REFRIGERATION

• Klim is fresh milk with only the water removed. The vital food elements and fresh natural flavour are preserved. Klim is easy to use . . . you simply replace the water to obtain as much milk as you need.

Produced under strictest sanitary control, Klim is health-building . . . nourishing . . . serve it to all the family. Buy a tin of Klim today.

KLIM powdered whole MILK

115G

Now you can give Lux care to all your dainty things as often as you like—for the new LARGER packet. Lux gives more for your money. Lux gives the gentlest cleansing to all silks and woollens that are colour fast. Lux lathers abundantly in cold water. Gentle squeezing of your dainty things through luxuriant Lux suds eases out dirt and leaves your things safely cleansed and fresh. If your dainty things are safe in cold water they're safe in Lux!

YOU GET MORE FOR YOUR MONEY WHEN YOU BUY THE NEW LARGE LUX

The small and medium sized packets of Lux too, are full value for money!

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED LX. 7-172

to ease agonising STOMACH PAIN

The sufferings of this poor Indigestion martyr were beyond belief! "I obtained no relief whatever except when I was given morphia to ease the awful pain. I must have been near to madness with agony," writes Mr. H. C. But relief was at hand. "Then I tried Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. After three or four doses I felt a change and slept soundly without drugs. I kept on with it, and improved continuously. My appetite came back and I amazed everyone who knew how ill I had been."

And every stomach sufferer who tries Maclean Brand Stomach Powder has the same story to tell. **One spoonful will stop stomach pain**—instantly—because Maclean Brand Stomach Powder alkalizes burning stomach acid at once, soothes and comforts the lacerated stomach walls, evacuates clogging wastes. But be sure you see the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on bottle and carton, and the red seal on the carton. None is genuine Maclean Brand without this signature. Never sold loose—only in bottles in cartons (powder or tablets) Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Look for the Signature—

Alex. C. Maclean

MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder

IN EVENT OF AIR ATTACK ON INDIA

More Amendments To Defence Rules

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15.

Amendments to the Defence of India Rules published to-day give the Government further powers to order necessary measures to be taken to meet air attacks, such as provision of fire-watchers, the clearing of the upper storeys of buildings of inflammable materials and giving full powers to fire-fighters to do anything necessary for extinguishing and checking the spread of fire.

Powers have also been taken to require factory and mine owners to take any measures necessary to secure that the factories and mines will so far as possible be able to carry on in the event of an air attack and protect the people and property in or near a factory or a mine.—United Press.

COMPENSATION FOR WAR DAMAGE

Commerce Secretary's Motion For Council Of State

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15.

Sir Alan Lloyd, Commerce Secretary, has tabled a resolution for discussion in the Council of State recommending to the Governor-General in Council "to take steps to establish schemes providing for the payment from Central Revenues of compensation in respect of war injuries and war damage to effects sustained during the period of the present emergency by masters and seamen employed on sea-going service on ships registered in British India under the Bombay Coasting Vessels Act, 1898 (1838), or under the Indian Registration of Ships Act, 1841".—A. P.

A.-I. NEWSPAPER EDITORS' CONFERENCE

Standing Committee Meets At New Delhi On March 4

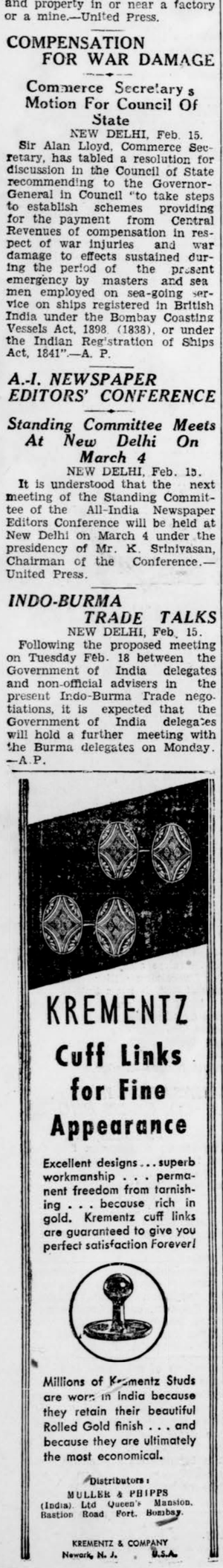
NEW DELHI, Feb. 15.

It is understood that the next meeting of the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference will be held at New Delhi on March 4 under the presidency of Mr. K. Srinivasan, Chairman of the Conference.—United Press.

INDO-BURMA TRADE TALKS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15.

Following the proposed meeting on Tuesday Feb. 18 between the Government of India delegates and non-official advisers in the present Indo-Burma Trade negotiations, it is expected that the Government of India delegates will hold a further meeting with the Burma delegates on Monday.—A.P.


KREMENTZ
Cuff Links for Fine Appearance
Excellent designs . . . superb workmanship . . . permanent freedom from tarnishing . . . because rich in gold. Krementz cuff links are guaranteed to give you perfect satisfaction Forever!
Millions of Krementz Studs are worn in India because they retain their beautiful Rolled Gold finish . . . and because they are ultimately the most economical.
Distributors:
MULLER & PHIPPS
(India) Ltd Queen's Mansion, Bastion Road Fort, Bombay.
KREMENTZ & COMPANY
Newark, N. J. U.S.A.

WAR ENTERS NEW STAGE

Australian Labour Leader Reaffirms Statement

CANBERRA, Feb. 15

The Australian Labour Leader, Mr. Curtin, accepts full responsibility for the statement appearing under his name and that of the Acting Prime Minister, Mr. Fadden, that the war has entered a new phase of "utmost gravity."

Mr. Curtin says that the statement made in order to inform the Australian people of the real position. "To assume that there is a state of imminent crisis would be wrong." He adds: "But the fact is that the seriousness of the situation admits of no course being taken other than that decided by the War Council."—Reuter

HANDLOOM INDUSTRY

Fact-Finding Committee Visits Khadi Pratisthan

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15.

The Fact-Finding Committee on the Handloom Industry, who are now in Calcutta to enquire into the condition of the handloom industry in the province, visited yesterday the Khadi Pratisthan in Sodepore and discussed with the management of the institution the importance of the handloom and spinning industries.

During the discussion, it was urged on behalf of the handspinning industry that the interests of the handspun yarn might be considered as against the mill-made yarn while assisting the handloom industry.

To-day the Committee met the Director of Industries, Mr. S. C. Mitter, and the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal, Mr. Aziz Ahmad, I.C.S., and discussed with them the various questions relating to the handloom and spinning industries in the province.

The Committee will leave for Nagpur to-morrow evening.—A.P.

THROUGH LITERACY TO DEMOCRACY

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

The need for liquidating illiteracy for the proper functioning of democracy in the country was stressed by Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar, a former President of the Indian National Congress, opening the Madras Students Conference on adult education to-day.

Secondary education, said Mr. Iyengar, should be made free and compulsory and the cost should be met by increasing the resources of the country. Every adult should be taught, he said, the grammar and alphabet of patriotism.—A. P.

Police Party Injured In Clash With Sonthals

NEW DUMKA, Feb. 15.

A Sub-Inspector of police and three other policemen received injuries in a clash with a Sonthal mob in village Tarajore, where the Sonthals were observing a "Bitlaha" (ex-communication) ceremony.

It is stated that the aggrieved party had a petition in the court of Sub-Divisional Officer praying for restraining the Sonthals from performing "Bitlaha" which they had advertised.

The matter was referred to the police and when the latter went to the spot, they it is alleged were attacked by an unruly mob.

A contingent of armed police force has been sent to the village and the injured officer and policemen have been brought to Dumka for treatment.—A. P.

Spitfire Fete At Mount Petit

H. H. the Maharaja of Idar has kindly lent his palatial residence at Mount Petit, Pedder Rd., for the Spitfire Fete on Thursday, Feb. 27. The show will go on from 9-30 p.m. to 3 a.m.

Under the distinguished patronage of H. E. the Governor and Lady Lumley, the Spitfire Fete has been organised by many well-known personalities, including Shree Paswanji Saheba of Idar, Lady Duggan, Lady Blackwell, Mrs. Elliot, Mrs. Pereira, Mrs. J. W. Brace, Mr. Nurmohammad Chinoy, Mr. Frank Collins, Mr. P. A. D'Avoine, A.R.I.B.A., and Major C. C. Guilliland. The attractions will be dancing, bridge, rummy and English Beer Garden, darts, a shooting gallery and many other side-shows.

Tickets will be priced at Rs. 5 and will include supper. The total proceeds will be donated to H. E. the Governor of Bombay's Spitfire Fund.

Donations and gifts have been received from Princes and businessmen.

Tickets can be had from Lady Duggan, Army and Navy Stores; Bombay Garage; Radio Club; Cricket Club of India; Taj Mahal Hotel; "The Sporting Times" and John Roberts and Co.

Hindi Classes At South Indian Association

The fresh classes will be conducted on the following days for the classes mentioned as below:—

PRARAMBHIK:

On Saturdays 5-6 p.m

On Sundays 9-10 a.m.

PRAVESH:

On Monday, Wednesday and Friday 8-30 to 9-30 p.m.

Those desirous of learning Hindi are requested to give their names to the Association. The classes are open to all.

NO CONCESSION, BUT BIRTHRIGHT

Travancore State Congress President On Right To Free Speech

TRIVANDRUM, Feb. 15.

"It is not our intention to do anything calculated to embarrass the Travancore Government in any manner in their undertakings consequent on the war situation. We go further, and are willing and ready to contribute our mite towards the relief of the distress of the people", says the President of the Travancore State Congress, Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai, in a statement on the Government's recent Press Note warning State Congressmen against dangerous and subversive propaganda.

The State Congress President adds: "Our movement for Responsible Government will be carried on only peacefully and constructively. We have no intention to defy the law or start any direct action. Our propaganda for Responsible Government, however well-organised, can by no means be considered objectionable. We consider freedom of speech not as a concession, but as our birth right.

Our immediate programme is to rebuild our organisation by the enlistment of members and the formation of Committees throughout the State, and to carry on the necessary propaganda for the purpose. The constructive side of our programme will always be attended to consistently with our organisational strength and our resources."

With reference to the order of restraint served on Mr. C. Narayana Pillai, a State Congress worker, not to speak at any public meeting in Trivandrum District for two months, the State Congress President says that the order is wholly unjustifiable and uncalled for. "Neverthless I have directed Mr. C. Narayana Pillai to abide by the order."—A. P.

New Jagirs In Punjab

LAHORE, Feb. 14

The Industrial Survey work is in progress in five districts of the Punjab including Lahore, Amritsar, Sialkot, Multan and Muzaffargarh, stated Choudhary Tika Ram, Parliamentary Secretary to the Development Minister, in the Punjab Assembly this afternoon in reply to a question.

He added that the survey of Ludhiana district had been completed and the report was under examination of the Advisory Committee constituted for the purpose.

Another question elicited the information that 72 prisoners were released from the Punjab jails in 1939 on medical grounds while 112 prisoners died in jails during the same period.

The Punjab Assembly passed in the afternoon the third reading of the Punjab Jagirs Bill.

Under the Bill Government shall have power to make in any one year new assignment of land revenue by way of Jagirs not exceeding in value of Rs. 5,000. A Jagir created under this Bill may be continued after the death of the original Jagirdar but its terms shall be so expressed as to provide that the amount assigned to the next holder shall not exceed half the amount assigned to his predecessor and that the Jagir shall be extinguished after the death of the second holder.

The House then resumed discussion of the Lahore Corporation Bill.—A. P.

Working Class Family Budgets

The following is an outline of the paper on "A study of the Working Class Family Budgets" read by Prof. G. M. Sankpel, at the School of Economics, University of Bombay, on Friday:—

The theoretical concepts of average and marginal expenditure and income elasticity of demand are here utilized for the analysis of the excellent budget collections published by the Labour Office, Government of Bombay, at various times during the last 20 years. It is hoped that an analysis on the lines of the present study will be of some use to those concerned with price-control and construction of Cost of Living Index Numbers. The main object of this study are to derive exact tests for the classification of commodities into "luxuries" and "necessities" and to construct a "scale of urgency" for the various commodities by observing the equilibrium distribution of expenditure over the different commodities as the total expenditure varies, prices remaining constant.

As we have no data giving us the variation in the rate of expenditure of the same families as their incomes change, in a situation where everything is held constant except income and expenditure, we have to use data concerning the expenditure of families at different income levels. This procedure can be justified only on certain assumptions.

Among the family budgets published by the Bombay Labour Office the nearest approach to the ideal conditions is provided by the sample of budgets of Single Men, published in 1921/22. In this case there are no complications introduced by the difference in the composition of families and they may be taken to be a sufficiently homogeneous group in respect of tastes and scales of preferences. The next best collection from this point of view is that of budgets of families consisting of husband, wife and two children published in the same year. Then follow the other collections, taken in chronological order, where the necessary adjustments had to be made for differences in needs.

WHICH DOMINION STATUS?

Sastri's Warning

Speaking at a public meeting at Madras the Rt. Hon. V. S. Sastri said that when Dominion Status for India was first mentioned several years back, some thought that the rising tide of Indian nationalism would be stemmed by stipulating beforehand that the Dominion Satus that India could aspire to was that of the Westminster variety. The point in evolution, which Dominions reached at that time in 1919, was by these narrowminded statesmen prescribed as a point beyond which India should not aspire. That mistake they should no longer give room for anybody to make. They ought to take care that the Dominion Status which they asked for, was Dominion Status not necessarily of the Westminster variety but that future Dominion Status to which all people were looking forward, that further stage of Dominionhood towards which, Canada, South Africa and Eire might evolve. It was necessary to state this; for already he knew, that as a matter of fact, some legalist politicians in England had put forward the theory that if India wanted the Westminster variety of Dominion Status she might have it. But Canada or Australia were no longer content with it. South Africa has already decided to shake it off. Eire had almost transcended the shackles imposed on her by that statute.

"We should take care," Mr. Sastriar added, "in our statements that when we say Dominion Status, we mean not Dominion Status of the 1926 variety, but that form of Dominion Status to which Dominions are moving forward and which they will get at the end of the war when inter-Dominion relations are revised. When Liberal statesmen talk of Dominion Status, our friends of the Congress persuasion, wishing to show that we are in the wrong always say, "You fellows will never cease to be old-fashioned. Canada and Australia are already over-stepping the limits of Dominion Status and you are thinking of Dominion Status when everybody else has dropped it. That is the way in which we are being criticised because we always mentioned Dominion Status of the 1926 variety. Unfortunately such a statement has crept into one of the official pronouncements also. It has therefore acquired a certain political authority. But we are not bound by it, and we ought to express our clear determination that if we find at the end of the war that what is now described as Dominion Status is overstepped and a further stage in evolution is reached, it must be open to us to demand that further stage, provided we are persuaded that it is advantageous to us. But some things may be advantageous to some Dominions and not to others. Not everything that is included in the word Dominion Status is accepted by all Dominions. We must have the privilege, therefore of going forward beyond the Dominion Status of the Westminster variety when other Dominions do so, in so far as we find that further progress will be advantageous to us."

Parsi Central Association And Political League

"One Who Was Present" writes:—

With reference to the report of the "annual meeting that appeared in yesterday's "Chronicle", will you please publish this supplementary note as the report was not complete?

Commenting on the President's speech and on another speech that followed, one of the original members of the Association sounded a note of warning to the newly-formed League to beware of adhering to a narrow communal point of view, or to formulate any political demands on any such basis. He advised the League against making any claims for communal representation, as on a proportionate basis the Parsis would stand to lose more, and would not be able even to retain the representation that they have to-day through open electorates. He pleaded for goodwill, particularly towards sister communities, and apportioned the blame for the loss of the status and importance of the community to deterioration in the community itself, and not to any adverse action of other communities. If the community boldly faced facts he had no doubt that it would once more take an effective and even leading role in the national programme as it had done in the past.

This speech indicates a reawakening in the community, and is very welcome as a warning to narrow communalists who by playing on the prejudices of the community are leading them astray.

EVACUATING ITALIAN COLONISTS FROM ABYSSINIA

Will Negotiations With Britain Be Started?

The "Daily Telegraph" writes:—

With his Abyssinian Empire in jeopardy from the British invasion and Patriotic rising in the interior, it was reported on the 6th that Mussolini had sent Count Volpi, former Finance Minister, to negotiate with British interests for the evacuation of about 200,000 Italian colonists.

This is the first intimation that Rome now realizes the utter hopelessness of Italian situation in East Africa.

A message on February 5 from a neutral correspondent in Vichy, received via New York, stated: "According to reliable information just received, Count Volpi stopped here last week-end on his way to negotiate for the evacuation of Italian colonists settled in Abyssinia since the Italian conquest in 1935.

"Senor Jose Felix Delequerica, Spanish Ambassador at Vichy, is reported to have acted as intermediary for the Italian Government through the Vichy authorities. As a corollary to Volpi's Mission the French Government have requested the French Managers of the Franco-Abyssinian Railway from Addis Ababa to the port of Jibuti in French Somaliland to resume activity.

"The Railway ceased operating when Italy entered the war last June. The damage done by R.A.F. attacks on the line is to be repaired as soon as possible.

"Volpi lunched with a high French official here on the 1st. and it is believed that they discussed the question of using the railways for evacuating Italian refugees.

"Volpi's ability as a negotiator both on economic and political matters is universally recognized."

It is believed that negotiations with British interests will take place on neutral soil either in Spain or Portugal.

The "Daily Telegraph" of January 13 first published the news that Great Britain was prepared to secure the co-operation of the French authorities at Jibuti and would guarantee a safe conduct for refugees to Italy.

Mr. Churchill told the House of Commons on January 21 that any suggestion to evacuate women or children from Italian East Africa should come from the Italians or the commanders on the spot.

Some estimates give the number of Italian civilians in Abyssinia as 150,000-200,000. They have gradually been driven to take refuge in the regions around Addis Ababa and are in a grave situation as a result of the Italian debacle. The Abyssinians have no love for their Fascist conquerors.

Many of these Italians are women and children. While they remain in the country, the British Government cannot be expected to assume any responsibility for their safety, as no British troops are on the spot and the situation of the colonists is increasing in gravity, and as it is reported that Italian military discipline in Abyssinia has largely broken down. Troops are looting native villages and as a result anti-Italian feeling is rising to serious proportions.

Sir Vijaya To See Gandhiji

WARDHA, Feb. 15.

The Maharajkumar of Vijayanagaram is arriving here on February 24 to see Mahatma Gandhi. He will stay here for two days.—A.P.

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

Dr. P. Varadarajalu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, will leave Madras on February 17 and arrive at Wardha on February 18.

He will meet Mahatma Gandhi in the afternoon of February 18 to discuss his scheme to end the present deadlock.

Dr. Naidu will reach Nagpur on February 19 and Bombay the next morning.—United Press.

CHEST COLDS
JUST PAT ON IT PENETRATES
CHEST colds are dangerous—do not trust unproven remedies. Sloan's Liniment for over 75 years has proved its value for breaking up congestion, restoring normal blood circulation. It brings quick relief, speeds complete recovery. Simply pat it on the chest without rubbing. It penetrates deeply, gives a comforting warmth. It is not greasy and will not blister nor harm the skin.
Keep a bottle of Sloan's Liniment always on hand. Use it promptly for all aches, bruises, sprains, strains and swollen muscles. Buy a bottle today.
SLOAN'S LINIMENT

TRY THE NEW DIFFERENT
Listerine Tooth Paste-
THE DENTAL DISCOVERY OF THE CENTURY
Supercharged WITH LUSTER-FOAM
At last a dentifrice energized by saliva. Cleans, brightens, polishes—reaches decay-ridden "blind spots" missed by ordinary pastes and powders.
There has never been anything like the new Listerine Tooth Paste. Supercharged with the amazing new Luster-Foam detergent, the moment saliva touches it, it is generated into thousands of tiny bubbles of detergent energy.
It penetrates into every tiny nook and crevice, reaches decay-ridden "blind spots" where from 70% to 90% of decay germs breed.
A master-cleansing, luster-giving dentifrice, safe and gentle. Economical too.
LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
43, Forbes Street. BOMBAY 1.

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1941

CRUDE OIL ENGINES
FOR ALL DRIVING

"WILSON" 17 to 250 B. H. P.
"OGLE" 4, 6, 9, 18 B. H.P.
British, Modern, Economic, Durable, and Simple, Hundreds working. Ask for literature and certificates.
Prices Moderate.
DINSHAW & CO.,
105, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

Kindle India's National Spirit And Win War

Hindu League Demands To End Deadlock And Enlist People's Co-operation In War Effort

NEW DELHI, February 16.

That the Government should take an initiative by inviting leading public men "who are willing to co-operate with them in their war efforts to assume the responsibility for the Administration of the Central Government", is urged in a resolution passed by the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu League which concluded its two-day meeting to-day, Mr. M. S. Aney presiding.

The Committee urge upon the Government "to proceed forthwith with the formation of an expanded Council consisting purely of non-official Indians representing important elements in the national life of the country and place at least one of them in charge of the Defence Department."

TEXT OF RESOLUTION

The following is the text of the resolution:—

"The Working Committee of the All-India Hindu League view the recent developments of international situation in Europe, Africa and America with great concern as, in its opinion, it is fraught with potentialities of great danger and full of menace to the moral and material progress of humanity for a long time to come.

"The defeat inflicted by the brave people of Greece on the Italian armies and the successes achieved at Sidi Barrani and other places in Africa have to some extent removed the danger of imminent invasion of India by the enemy and also kindles the hope that the British nation will be able to defeat the totalitarian forces and win the war in the end. The Committee expresses its admiration at the heroic manner in which the people of England have been fighting the enemies and standing the trials and hardships and sufferings which indiscriminate bombing raids inevitably cause.

The League desires to note with pride the part played by the Indian Army in defeating the Italians in Libya, Abyssinia and other parts of Africa and offers its hearty congratulations on the heroism shown on the battlefields.

"The League, however, feels certain that the United Kingdom notwithstanding her grim resolve to fight the war to the finish at all costs, cannot solely rely on her own resources in men, money and munition to achieve this end, and it stands in dire need of active co-operation and assistance in every form in her gigantic efforts for the successful prosecution from friendly countries like India and America.

AWAKEN INDIA'S SPIRIT

"The League is of definite opinion that the British Government and the Government of India will be guilty of culpable negligence if they fail to do everything in their power to awaken the national spirit of the Indian people and enlist their active sympathies and secure their enthusiastic co-operation in the war efforts. India has unlimited resources in men and materials required for war purposes and they will be readily available to the British nation for the prosecution of the present war, provided the Indian people are approached in a right spirit and persuaded to share and shoulder with the people of the United Kingdom the responsibility of fighting the Totalitarian forces, not merely for the establishment of Democracy in Poland and other European countries, but for the establishment at the end of the war of Responsible Government in India invested with the same powers and privileges as the self-governing Colonies of Canada, South Africa, or the Australian Commonwealth, enjoy.

WAR TIME TASK

"The League is definitely of opinion that the British Government, in order to prepare the country for the establishment of the Responsible Government of the Dominion Status type immediately at the end of the war, must necessarily carry out without delay the processes of the Indianisation of the Central Government, industrialisation of the country and the militarisation of the population to the utmost possible limits during the period of the war itself.

"The League urges upon the Government to take an initiative by inviting leading public men who are willing to co-operate with them in their war efforts to assume the responsibility for the Administration of the Central Government and proceed forthwith with the formation of an expanded Council consisting purely of non-official Indians representing important elements in the national life of the country and place at least one of them in charge of the Defence Department.

WANTED COURAGE AND IMAGINATION

"A bold and courageous step of this nature is, in the opinion of the League, also absolutely necessary to appeal to the imagination of the people and evoke in them a genuine sense of response in the form of voluntary and enthusiastic co-operation in the prosecution of the war efforts.

"This step will also inspire the people with the confidence that the work of industrialisation and the militarisation of the people which are two indispensible condi-

(Continued on page 4, col. 5)

Members of the Kanara Athletic Club who participated in the Annual Olympic games of the B.P.O.A. at Brabourne Stadium recently and the winners of the Single Events Trophy, together with the Club's President Mr. B. S. Amin, seated 3rd from left. Mr. B. T. Karkera seated 2nd from right holds an All-India record in 3,000 metres walking race and Mr. R. N. Utchil standing behind the Trophy holds provincial record in 800 metres Run and represented India at the International Athletic Meet in Ceylon in October 1940.

NO INFLATION AT ALL

Lord Simon Speaks Of Soundness Of War Finance

LONDON,

"The purchases which this country makes abroad", said Lord Simon, "do not affect our own problem of inflation at all." The conclusion reached by those who were working on this matter was that no reliable estimate was possible of the gap between national income and expenditure, "the authorities really believe." Lord Simon added, "that matters are being handled in this war infinitely better than they were before."—Reuter

Portuguese Military Delegation For Britain

LONDON, Feb. 15.

A Portuguese military delegation of seven officers is expected to arrive in England this week-end at the invitation of the British Government to study the progress of the British war effort and observe at first hand the working of the Air Defence of the United Kingdom, particularly London, it is learned in official circles in London to-day (Saturday).

The delegation will be the guests of the British Government.—Reuter.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 14.

A meeting of the Standing Finance Committee for railways was held here this morning, at which railway budget is believed to have been discussed.—A. P.

"IT WAS SHEER MURDER"

"NO CHANCE FOR US TO TAKE TO BOATS"

SURVIVORS' STORY OF GERMAN RAIDER'S ATTACK ON BRITISH CONVOY

FUNCHAL, Feb. 15.

"It was sheer murder—there was no chance for us to take to boats," declared one of the many survivors landed here following a German raider's attack on a British convoy in the Atlantic not far from here.

According to officers and men of the sunken ships, the raider which they took to be a pocket battleship attacked them at dawn on Wednesday.

Approaching at a high speed, the warship circled the convoy and fired heavy and light guns at an extremely short range. One vessel received a heavy salvo and sank even before the debris thrown in the air by the explosion reached the water. The survivors said that the handling of lifeboats from various ships in a heavy sea was of an extremely high order. Men were hoisted into the rescuing ships by ropes and the boats then smashed before being abandoned.

The following ships have reached Funchal safety:—Four British ships the "Blairatholl," "Margot," "Volturno" and "Clunepark" and two Greek ships, the "Polyktor" and "Annamazaraki".

The survivors who lost everything but the scanty clothing they were given a hot meal and clothes on landing and put to sleep in a dormitory improvised in the dance pavilion of one of the leading hotels.

The men are well looked after by Mrs. Andrews, wife of the British Consul, and other women of the British Colony. Four injured men are progressing well and all the survivors are cheerful.—Reuter.

ITALY & AMERICA

Consulates At Naples And Palermo To Be Closed Down

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

The United States State Department has announced to-night (Saturday) that it is considering the closing down of the American Consulates at Naples and Palermo at the request of the Italian Government.

Officials emphasised that the Italian request was presumably owing to the designation of these areas as "war zones."—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15.—Miss M. E. Tennant of International Health Division of the Rockfeller Foundation has arrived in Calcutta from America via Ceylon. Miss Tennant is now in India on a mission to study the nursing problem in the various provinces in the country.—A. P.

Azad Pact Broken

SIDHWA ON IMPLICATION OF PREMIER'S REQUEST TO POSTPONE ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING

KARACHI, Feb. 15.

The assertion that the Maulana Azad Pact has been broken and the Congress Party's position is now clear in this matter is made by Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, M.L.A., Leader of the Congress Assembly Party in the course of an interview to the Associated Press.

He adds, that he had been asked by the Premier Mirbundheali to postpone to February 25 the meeting of the Advisory Committee set up by Maulana Azad which is fixed for to-morrow to consider the ministerial question with reference to the implementing of the Pact by the parties concerned.

Mr. Sidhwa considers that his request for postponement of the meeting is clear proof that the pact is being broken by the Premier and affirms that no meeting of the Advisory Committee, will now be held unless the promised resignation of the Minister is forthcoming immediately.

Concluding, Mr. Sidhwa states that he never expected the Ministers who were a party to this Pact to fail to implement the terms by attaching no sanctity to a historic document.—A.P.

VAZIRANI CHARGES MUSLIM M. L. A.'S

KARACHI, Feb. 15.

"The Azad Pact is not being honoured to-day as it was expected," said the Hon. Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, Hindu Minister, in an interview to the United Press.

He added: "The original arrangement was arrived at by the Muslim members of the Assembly between themselves and it is they who have failed to implement the pact."

Mr. Vazirani has addressed a communication to Mr. M. A. Jinnah explaining the Hindu view point.

Khan Bahadur Allahbux in an interview to the United Press said: "I am not resigning at present. If, however, by the time the Assembly meets, i.e., February 26, the pact is not fulfilled, I will overthrow the Ministry."

Mir Bundehali Khan Talpur, the Premier, who was to have resigned to-day and made room for Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah declined to say anything except that he was not resigning.—United Press.

NO INTENTION TO PRECIPITATE CRISIS

KARACHI, Feb. 16.

Informed circles believe that there is no inclination on the part of any of the groups inside the Assembly to precipitate a crisis in the political situation.

While the Minister Khan Bahadur Khurho is expected to proceed to Delhi to meet Mr. Jinnah and explain the situation personally to him and return to Karachi in time for the budget session commencing Feb. 26, the other parties to the Azad Pact, namely, the Congress, the Hindu Independents and the Allabukhsh Group, are apparently sure of their ground and also of the action they should take in the event of the Muslim League members' noncompliance with the provisions of the Pact for the inclusion of Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatullah in the Cabinet.

It is stated that if one of the League Ministrs does not yield place to Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatullah before February 26, the issue will be forced whether by the parties subscribing to the Pact, resigning 'en bloc' or any one of them tabling a no-confidence motion against the ministry.—A. P.

MANZILGAH FOR MUSLIMS?

Sind Cabinet To Decide Question Next Week

KARACHI, Feb. 15.

It is understood that the question of handing over the Manzilgah buildings to the Muslims with certain safeguards including the preservation of all rights that the Hindus have hitherto enjoyed such as processions with music along the road, was considered at the Cabinet meetings recently held and a draft resolution is now under preparation.

It is learnt that a decision on this question will be taken by the middle of next week.—A. P.

NAZI INTERNEES IN BRITAIN

Earl Of Lytton Denies Accusations

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Nazi accusations that German subjects interned in Britain are being "half-starved" were emphatically denied by the Earl of Lytton, Chairman of the Advisory Committee on Aliens to-day (Saturday). He said that he had visited all camps in the Isle of Man where the Nazis alleged the Diet was only oatmeal and potatoes and found that each alien had adequate rations of wheat flour, meat, fish, tea, coffee, sugar, milk, jam, macaroni, spaghetti, oatmeal, potatoes, fresh vegetables, etc.

The Earl of Lytton said that the Nazi allegation was a lie invented to justify internment of British civilians in France and other occupied territory.—Reuter.

BR. PARACHUTISTS IN S. ITALY

Will Be Treated As Prisoners Of War

ROME, Feb. 15.

British parachutists captured in Southern Italy will be treated as prisoners of war says a semi-official statement issued in Rome to-day (Saturday).

They will be lodged in a concentration camp where representatives of the International Red Cross will be allowed to visit them.—Reuter.

Two Italians Killed In Clash Against Br. 'Chutists

LONDON, Feb. 15.

The Rome radio to-day announces the names of two Italians who, it says, were killed in a clash against British parachutists.—Reuter.

BR. ADMIRALTY ORDER

Carry Wireless Sets In Future

LONDON, Feb. 15.

British ships of under 1,600 tons must, with certain exceptions, carry Wireless sets in future capable of receiving either Home or Overseas British news bulletins.

An order to this effect has been issued by the Admiralty under the Defence Regulations.

The Order further requires a Wireless watch to be kept at certain set hours.—Reuter.

MAHASABHA IN CONGRESS SHOES?

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

The Hindu Mahasabha has decided to contest the seats in the Madras Corporation and other local bodies vacated by Congressmen, says Dr. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha in a statement to the press.—A. P.

RANGOON, Feb. 15.—Prohibition on Aliens entering or remaining in border territories, namely Federated Shan States, Tennasserim Division, excluding Toungoo District, Bhamo and Myitkyina Districts, has been imposed by the Governor.—A. P.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

KIRK DISCOVERS A BONE OF CONTENTION

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

HELLO, NIALL!
AH! HOW IS STATE OF HEALTH THIS MORNING, MR. RICHTER?
MUCH BETTER, THANK YOU! THIS TICKER OF MINE ACTS UP LIKE A SPOILED CHILD!
MISS PARRISH - I CAN TELL YOU'VE MANY THINGS TO SAY TO MR. FROME - YOU CAN LEAVE ME HERE - I'LL CHAT WITH THE INSPECTOR!
OH - THANK YOU!
I'M SORRY I WAS TOO ILL TO SEE YOU LAST NIGHT! WHAT BECAME OF SHALLET'S MACAW?
AT PRESENT, AM LIKE BLIND MAN IN DARK ROOM, LOOKING FOR BLACK SOCK WHICH IS NOT THERE!
CHARLIE! WE'VE BEEN LOOKING ALL OVER FOR YOU!
10-18
Alfred Andriola

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.